VILLAGE OF HAMPSHIRE, ILLINOIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2018

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

List of Principal Officials April 30, 2018

VILLAGE PRESIDENT

Jeffrey Magnussen

VILLAGE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Aaron Kelly

Christine Klein

Toby Koth

Ryan Krajecki

Michael Reid Jr.

Erik Robinson

ADMINISTRATIVE

Jay Hedges, Village Manager Linda R. Vasquez, Village Clerk Lori A. Lyons, Finance Director

FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

This section includes the opinion of the Village's independent auditing firm.

I_A

Lauterbach & Amen, LLP

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

November 19, 2020

The Honorable Village President Members of the Board of Trustees Village of Hampshire, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Hampshire, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Hampshire, Illinois, as of April 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Village of Hampshire, Illinois November 19, 2020 Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis as listed in the table of contents and budgetary information reported in the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Hampshire, Illinois' basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and supplemental schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and supplemental schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and supplemental schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Lauterbach & Amen, LLP

LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2018

Our discussion and analysis of the Village of Hampshire's financial performance provides an overview of the Village's financial activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2018. Please read it in conjunction with the Village's financial statements, which begin on page 15.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Village's net position increased as a result of this year's operations. Net position of the governmental activities increased by \$249,021, or 0.8 percent and net position of the business-type activities decreased by \$140,061, or 0.3 percent.
- During the year, government-wide revenues for the primary government totaled \$7,110,486 while expenses totaled \$7,001,526, resulting in an increase to net position of \$108,960.
- The Village's net position totaled \$79,877,079 on April 30, 2018, which includes \$74,297,204 net investment in capital assets, \$3,754,628 subject to external restrictions, and \$1,825,247 unrestricted net position that may be used to meet the ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The General Fund reported an increase in fund balance this year of \$294,748, resulting in ending fund balance of \$1,755,416, an increase of 20.2 percent.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 15-18) provide information about the activities of the Village as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Village's finances. Fund financial statements begin on page 19. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Village's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Village's most significant funds.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The government wide financial statements can be found on pages 15 -18 of this report.

The Statement of Net Position reports information on all of the Village's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating. Consideration of other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the Village's property tax base and the condition of the Village's capital assets, is needed to assess the overall health of the Village.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2018

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT - Continued

Government-Wide Financial Statements - Continued

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Village include general government, highways and streets, police protection, and economic development. The business-type activities of the Village include water, sewer, and garbage operations.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Village's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2018

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT - Continued

Fund Financial Statements - Continued

Governmental Funds - Continued

The Village maintains eighteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, SSA 13 Improvements, Transportation Impact Fees, SSA 14 Improvements, and Public Use Funds, all of which are considered major funds. Data from the other thirteen governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The Village adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of the governmental funds, except the SSA 13 Improvements Fund, the Capital Improvements Fund, and the TIF Revenue Bonds of 2009A/Tuscany Woods Line of Credit. A budgetary comparison schedule for the budgeted funds has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19 - 24 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The Village maintains two proprietary fund types: enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government–wide financial statements. The Village utilizes enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer and garbage operations. The Village utilizes a health insurance fund to mitigate the burden of increases in health insurance costs.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Sewer Fund, which is considered to be a major fund of the Village. The health insurance fund is reported separately as an internal service fund.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 25 - 28 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Village of Hampshire's own programs. The accounting use for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 29 - 30 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2018

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT - Continued

Fund Financial Statements - Continued

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 31 - 66 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Village's General Fund budgetary comparison schedule and disclosures regarding the Village's Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund and Police Pension Fund. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 67 - 74 of this report. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 75 - 98 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2018

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following tables show that in the case of the Village, assets/deferred outflows exceeded liabilities/deferred inflows by \$79,877,079.

	Net Position					
	Governm	nental	Busine	ss-Type		
	Activi	ties	Acti	vities	То	tal
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Current and Other Assets	\$ 7,481,611	7,095,279	2,185,802	1,462,653	9,667,413	8,557,932
Capital Assets	30,371,333	30,421,725	48,242,764	49,494,695	78,614,097	79,916,420
Total Assets	37,852,944	37,517,004	50,428,566	50,957,348	88,281,510	88,474,352
Deferred Outflows	978,599	418,016	5,133	54,161	983,732	472,177
Total Assets/Deferred Outflows	38,831,543	37,935,020	50,433,699	51,011,509	89,265,242	88,946,529
Long-Term Debt	3,519,610	3,637,962	1,970,141	2,444,104	5,489,751	6,082,066
Other Liabilities	975,279	1,080,283	640,838	674,357	1,616,117	1,754,640
Total Liabilities	4,494,889	4,718,245	2,610,979	3,118,461	7,105,868	7,836,706
Deferred Inflows	2,212,562	1,341,704	69,733	-	2,282,295	1,341,704
Total Liabilities/Deferred Inflows	6,707,451	6,059,949	2,680,712	3,118,461	9,388,163	9,178,410
Net Position						
Net Investment in						
Capital Assets	28,486,649	28,344,203	45,810,555	46,604,787	74,297,204	74,948,990
Restricted	3,754,628	3,936,921	-	-	3,754,628	3,936,921
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(117,185)	(406,053)	1,942,432	1,288,261	1,825,247	882,208
Total Net Position	32,124,092	31,875,071	47,752,987	47,893,048	79,877,079	79,768,119

A large portion of the Village's net position, \$74,297,204 or 93.0 percent, reflects its investment in capital assets (for example, land, infrastructure, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion, \$3,754,628 or 4.7 percent, of the Village's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used, specifically for debt service requirements. The remaining \$1,825,247 or 2.3 percent represents unrestricted net position and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2018

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued

Revenues Program Revenues Charges for Services\$ 688,841737,456 $3,101,470$ $3,037,595$ $3,790,311$ $3,7$ Operating Grants/Contrib.153,030152,216 503 -153,5331General Revenues9153,030152,216 503 -153,5331Property and Replacement Taxes1,070,0361,051,1071,070,0361,00Sales and Use Taxes844,891732,307844,8917Income Taxes504,463662,763504,46366Utility Taxes407,476423,532407,4764Hotel/Motel Taxes17,00617,006Interest Income34,32217,427451334,367Miscellaneous279,197251,4919,20639,560288,4032Total Revenues3,999,2624,028,2993,111,2243,077,1687,110,4867,11Expenses91,128,4061,121,773-1,780,2461,66Highways and Streets1,128,4061,121,773-1,128,4061,12Planning and Zoning1,2921,1831,292Interest on Long-Term Debt62,87773,34362,877Water and Sewer2,703,7972,703,7972,703,7972,703,7972,703,7972,703,7972,703,7972,703,7972,703,7972,703,797		Changes in Net Position					
2018 2017 2018 2017 2018 2 Revenues Program Revenues Charges for Services \$ 688,841 737,456 3,101,470 3,037,595 3,790,311 3,7 Operating Grants/Contrib. 153,030 152,216 503 - 153,533 1 General Revenues Property and Replacement Taxes 1,070,036 1,051,107 - - 1,070,036 1,0 Sales and Use Taxes 844,891 732,307 - - 844,891 7 Income Taxes 504,463 662,763 - - 504,463 6 Utility Taxes 407,476 423,532 - - 407,476 4 Hotel/Motel Taxes 17,006 - - - 17,006 Interest Income 34,322 17,427 45 13 34,367 Miscellaneous 279,197 251,491 9,206 39,560 288,403 2 Total Revenues 1,780,246 1,677,234 - <		Govern	mental	Busine	ss-Type		
Revenues Program Revenues Charges for Services \$ 688,841 737,456 3,101,470 3,037,595 3,790,311 3,7 Operating Grants/Contrib. 153,030 152,216 503 - 153,533 1 General Revenues 700 500 - 1,070,036 1,051,107 - - 1,070,036 1,0 Sales and Use Taxes 844,891 732,307 - - 844,891 7 Income Taxes 504,463 662,763 - - 504,463 66 Utility Taxes 407,476 423,532 - - 407,476 4 Hotel/Motel Taxes 17,006 - - - 17,006 - - 17,006 - - 17,006 2 - 407,476 423,532 - - 17,006 2 3,992,62 4,028,299 3,111,224 3,077,168 7,110,486 7,11 Expenses General Government 777,420 761,548 -		Activities		Activities		Total	
Program Revenues \$ 688,841 737,456 3,101,470 3,037,595 3,790,311 3,7 Operating Grants/Contrib. 153,030 152,216 503 - 153,533 1 General Revenues 7 - - 1,070,036 1,0 Sales and Use Taxes 1,070,036 1,051,107 - - 844,891 7 Income Taxes 504,463 662,763 - - 504,463 66 Utility Taxes 407,476 423,532 - - 407,476 4 Hotel/Motel Taxes 17,006 - - - 17,006 - - 17,006 - - 17,006 - - 17,006 - - 17,006 - - 17,006 - - 17,006 - - 17,006 - - 17,006 - - 17,006 - - 17,006 - - 17,006 - -		2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Charges for Services \$ 688,841 737,456 3,101,470 3,037,595 3,790,311 3,7 Operating Grants/Contrib. 153,030 152,216 503 - 153,533 1 General Revenues Property and Replacement Taxes 1,070,036 1,051,107 - - 1,070,036 1,0 Sales and Use Taxes 844,891 732,307 - - 844,891 7 Income Taxes 504,463 662,763 - - 504,463 66 Utility Taxes 407,476 423,532 - - 407,476 4 Hotel/Motel Taxes 17,006 - - - 17,006 Interest Income 34,322 17,427 45 13 34,367 Miscellaneous 279,197 251,491 9,206 39,560 288,403 2 Total Revenues 3,999,262 4,028,299 3,111,224 3,077,168 7,110,486 7,11 Police Protection 1,780,246 1,677,234	levenues						
Operating Grants/Contrib. 153,030 152,216 503 - 153,533 1 General Revenues Property and Replacement Taxes 1,070,036 1,051,107 - - 1,070,036 1,0 Sales and Use Taxes 844,891 732,307 - - 844,891 7 Income Taxes 504,463 662,763 - - 504,463 6 Utility Taxes 407,476 423,532 - - 407,476 4 Hotel/Motel Taxes 17,006 - - - 17,006 - - 17,006 - - 17,006 - - 17,006 - - 17,006 - - 17,006 - - 17,006 - - 17,006 - - 17,006 - - 17,006 - - 17,006 - - 1,00,06 28,403 2 - 7,110,486 7,11 - 1,12,006 39,560 288,403 2	Program Revenues						
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$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Operating Grants/Contrib.	153,030	152,216	503	-	153,533	152,216
Sales and Use Taxes $844,891$ $732,307$ $844,891$ 7 Income Taxes $504,463$ $662,763$ $504,463$ 66 Utility Taxes $407,476$ $423,532$ $407,476$ 4 Hotel/Motel Taxes $17,006$ $17,006$ Interest Income $34,322$ $17,427$ 45 13 $34,367$ Miscellaneous $279,197$ $251,491$ $9,206$ $39,560$ $288,403$ 2 Total Revenues $3,999,262$ $4,028,299$ $3,111,224$ $3,077,168$ $7,110,486$ $7,110,486$ ExpensesGeneral Government $777,420$ $761,548$ $777,420$ 7 Police Protection $1,780,246$ $1,677,234$ $1,780,246$ $1,66$ Highways and Streets $1,292$ $1,183$ $1,292$ Interest on Long-Term Debt $62,877$ $73,343$ $62,877$ Water and Sewer $2,703,797$ $2,766,372$ $2,703,797$ <	General Revenues						
Income Taxes $504,463$ $662,763$ $504,463$ 66 Utility Taxes $407,476$ $423,532$ $407,476$ 4 Hotel/Motel Taxes $17,006$ $17,006$ Interest Income $34,322$ $17,427$ 45 13 $34,367$ Miscellaneous $279,197$ $251,491$ $9,206$ $39,560$ $288,403$ 22 Total Revenues $3,999,262$ $4,028,299$ $3,111,224$ $3,077,168$ $7,110,486$ $7,110,486$ Expenses $777,420$ $761,548$ $777,420$ $761,548$ $1,780,246$ $1,66$ Highways and Streets $1,128,406$ $1,121,773$ $1,128,406$ $1,12$ Planning and Zoning $1,292$ $1,183$ $1,292$ Interest on Long-Term Debt $62,877$ $73,343$ $62,877$ Water and Sewer $2,703,797$ $2,766,372$ $2,703,797$ </td <td>Property and Replacement Taxes</td> <td>1,070,036</td> <td>1,051,107</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>1,070,036</td> <td>1,051,107</td>	Property and Replacement Taxes	1,070,036	1,051,107	-	-	1,070,036	1,051,107
Income Taxes $504,463$ $662,763$ $504,463$ 66 Utility Taxes $407,476$ $423,532$ $407,476$ $423,532$ Hotel/Motel Taxes $17,006$ $17,006$ Interest Income $34,322$ $17,427$ 45 13 $34,367$ Miscellaneous $279,197$ $251,491$ $9,206$ $39,560$ $288,403$ 22 Total Revenues $3,999,262$ $4,028,299$ $3,111,224$ $3,077,168$ $7,110,486$ $7,110,486$ Expenses $777,420$ $761,548$ $777,420$ $761,548$ $1,780,246$ $1,66$ Highways and Streets $1,128,406$ $1,121,773$ $1,128,406$ $1,121,773$ $1,292$ Interest on Long-Term Debt $62,877$ $73,343$ $62,877$ $73,343$ $62,877$ Water and Sewer $2,703,797$ $2,766,372$ $2,703,797$ <	Sales and Use Taxes	844,891	732,307	-	-	844,891	732,307
Hotel/Motel Taxes $17,006$ $17,006$ Interest Income $34,322$ $17,427$ 45 13 $34,367$ Miscellaneous $279,197$ $251,491$ $9,206$ $39,560$ $288,403$ 2 Total Revenues $3,999,262$ $4,028,299$ $3,111,224$ $3,077,168$ $7,110,486$ $7,110,486$ ExpensesGeneral Government $777,420$ $761,548$ $777,420$ 7 Police Protection $1,780,246$ $1,677,234$ $1,780,246$ $1,6$ Highways and Streets $1,128,406$ $1,121,773$ $1,128,406$ $1,12$ Planning and Zoning $1,292$ $1,183$ $1,292$ Interest on Long-Term Debt $62,877$ $73,343$ $62,877$ Water and Sewer $2,703,797$ $2,766,372$ $2,703,797$ $2,703,797$ $2,76,4788$ Garbage $547,488$ $517,316$ $547,488$ 5	Income Taxes			-	-		662,763
Hotel/Motel Taxes $17,006$ $17,006$ Interest Income $34,322$ $17,427$ 45 13 $34,367$ Miscellaneous $279,197$ $251,491$ $9,206$ $39,560$ $288,403$ 2 Total Revenues $3,999,262$ $4,028,299$ $3,111,224$ $3,077,168$ $7,110,486$ $7,110,486$ ExpensesGeneral Government $777,420$ $761,548$ $777,420$ 7 Police Protection $1,780,246$ $1,677,234$ $1,780,246$ $1,6$ Highways and Streets $1,128,406$ $1,121,773$ $1,128,406$ $1,12$ Planning and Zoning $1,292$ $1,183$ $1,292$ Interest on Long-Term Debt $62,877$ $73,343$ $62,877$ Water and Sewer $2,703,797$ $2,766,372$ $2,703,797$ $2,703,797$ $2,76,4788$ Garbage $547,488$ $517,316$ $547,488$ 5	Utility Taxes	407,476	423,532	-	-	407,476	423,532
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Hotel/Motel Taxes	17,006	-	-	-	17,006	-
Miscellaneous Total Revenues 279,197 251,491 9,206 39,560 288,403 2 3,999,262 4,028,299 3,111,224 3,077,168 7,110,486 7,11 Expenses General Government 777,420 761,548 - - 777,420 7 Police Protection 1,780,246 1,677,234 - - 1,780,246 1,6 Highways and Streets 1,128,406 1,121,773 - - 1,28,406 1,11 Planning and Zoning 1,292 1,183 - - 1,292 Interest on Long-Term Debt 62,877 73,343 - - 62,877 Water and Sewer - - 2,703,797 2,766,372 2,703,797 2,7 Garbage - - 547,488 517,316 547,488 5	Interest Income		17,427	45	13		17,440
Total Revenues $3,999,262$ $4,028,299$ $3,111,224$ $3,077,168$ $7,110,486$ $7,110,486$ ExpensesGeneral Government $777,420$ $761,548$ $777,420$ 77 Police Protection $1,780,246$ $1,677,234$ $1,780,246$ $1,66$ Highways and Streets $1,128,406$ $1,121,773$ $1,128,406$ $1,11$ Planning and Zoning $1,292$ $1,183$ $1,292$ Interest on Long-Term Debt $62,877$ $73,343$ $62,877$ Water and Sewer $2,703,797$ $2,766,372$ $2,703,797$ $2,703,797$ Garbage $547,488$ $517,316$ $547,488$ $517,316$	Miscellaneous	279,197	251,491	9,206	39,560		291,051
General Government777,420761,548777,4207Police Protection1,780,2461,677,2341,780,2461,6Highways and Streets1,128,4061,121,7731,128,4061,1Planning and Zoning1,2921,1831,292Interest on Long-Term Debt62,87773,34362,877Water and Sewer2,703,7972,766,3722,703,7972,7Garbage547,488517,316547,4885	Total Revenues	3,999,262		3,111,224	3,077,168		7,105,467
General Government777,420761,548777,4207Police Protection1,780,2461,677,2341,780,2461,6Highways and Streets1,128,4061,121,7731,128,4061,1Planning and Zoning1,2921,1831,292Interest on Long-Term Debt62,87773,34362,877Water and Sewer2,703,7972,766,3722,703,7972,7Garbage547,488517,316547,4885							
Police Protection 1,780,246 1,677,234 - - 1,780,246 1,6 Highways and Streets 1,128,406 1,121,773 - - 1,128,406 1,1 Planning and Zoning 1,292 1,183 - - 1,292 Interest on Long-Term Debt 62,877 73,343 - - 62,877 Water and Sewer - - 2,703,797 2,766,372 2,703,797 2,70 Garbage - - 547,488 517,316 547,488 5							
Highways and Streets 1,128,406 1,121,773 - - 1,128,406 1,11 Planning and Zoning 1,292 1,183 - - 1,292 Interest on Long-Term Debt 62,877 73,343 - - 62,877 Water and Sewer - - 2,703,797 2,766,372 2,703,797 2,7 Garbage - - 547,488 517,316 547,488 5				-	-		761,548
Planning and Zoning 1,292 1,183 - - 1,292 Interest on Long-Term Debt 62,877 73,343 - - 62,877 Water and Sewer - - 2,703,797 2,766,372 2,703,797 2,7 Garbage - - 547,488 517,316 547,488 5				-	-		1,677,234
Interest on Long-Term Debt 62,877 73,343 - - 62,877 Water and Sewer - - 2,703,797 2,766,372 2,703,797 2,7 Garbage - - 547,488 517,316 547,488 5	č			-	-		1,121,773
Water and Sewer - - 2,703,797 2,766,372 2,703,797 2,77 Garbage - - 547,488 517,316 547,488 5				-	-		1,183
Garbage 547,488 517,316 547,488 5	0	62,877	73,343	-	-		73,343
-		-	-				2,766,372
Total Expenses 3,750,241 3,635,081 3,251,285 3,283,688 7,001,526 6,9	-	-	-				517,316
	Total Expenses	3,750,241	3,635,081	3,251,285	3,283,688	7,001,526	6,918,769
Change in Net Position Before	hange in Net Position Refore						
-	-	249.021	393.218	(140.061)	(206.520)	108.960	186,698
		2.0,021	0,0,210	(1.0,001)	(_00,0_0)	100,900	100,070
Transfers - 84,734 - (84,734) -	ransfers	-	84,734	-	(84,734)	-	-
Change in Net Position249,021477,952(140,061)(291,254)108,9601	hange in Net Position	249,021	477,952	(140,061)	(291,254)	108,960	186,698
Net Position - Beginning 31,875,071 31,397,119 47,893,048 48,184,302 79,768,119 79,5	let Position - Beginning	31,875,071	31,397,119	47,893,048	48,184,302	79,768,119	79,581,421
Net Position-Ending 32,124,092 31,875,071 47,752,987 47,893,048 79,877,079 79,7	let Position-Ending	32,124,092	31,875,071	47,752,987	47,893,048	79,877,079	79,768,119

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2018

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued

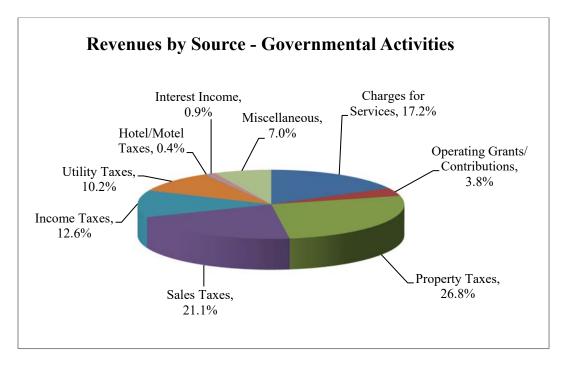
Net position of the Village's governmental activities increased by 0.8 percent (\$32,124,092 in 2018 compared to \$31,875,071 in 2017). Unrestricted net position, the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints, was a deficit of \$117,185 at April 30, 2018.

Net position of business-type activities decreased by 0.3 percent (\$47,752,987 in 2018 compared to \$47,893,048 in 2017).

Governmental Activities

Revenues for governmental activities totaled \$3,999,262, while the cost of all governmental functions totaled \$3,750,241. This results in an increase of \$249,021. In 2017, revenues of \$4,028,299 were more than expenses of \$3,635,081 resulting in an increase of \$393,218 prior to transfers in of \$84,734. During 2018, the Village continued to see increases in some of its state shared revenues. However, revenues for the governmental activities decreased \$29,037 and expenses increased \$115,160.

The following table graphically depicts the major revenue sources of the Village. It depicts very clearly the reliance of property taxes and state shared revenues to fund governmental activities. It also clearly identifies the less significant percentage the Village receives from utility taxes and telecommunication taxes.

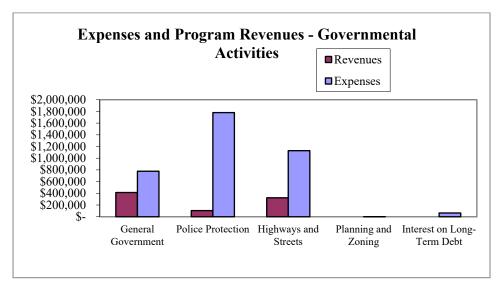


Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2018

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued

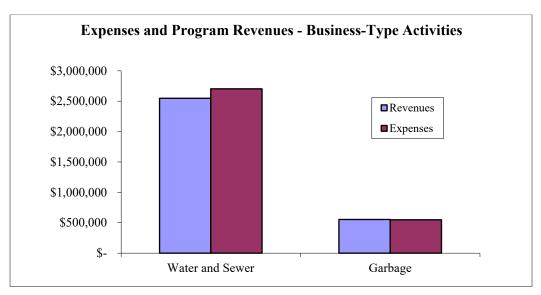
Governmental Activities – Continued

The 'Expenses and Program Revenues' Table identifies those governmental functions where program expenses greatly exceed revenues.



Business-Type activities

Business-Type activities reported total revenues of \$3,111,224, while the cost of all business-type activities totaled \$3,251,285. This results in a decrease in net position of \$140,061. In 2017, revenues of \$3,077,168 were less than expenses of \$3,283,688, resulting in a decrease in net position of \$206,520 prior to transfers out of \$84,734. The decrease in the current year is a result of non-cash depreciation expense.



The above graph compares program revenues to expenses for utility operations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2018

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The Village's governmental funds reported combining ending fund balances of \$5,093,689, which is \$118,895 higher than last year's total of \$4,974,794. Of the \$5,093,689 total, the Village has an unassigned fund balance of \$1,294,075.

The General Fund reported fund balance for the year of \$1,755,416. Total revenues in the General Fund were \$177,091 greater than the amount budgeted due primarily to the number of building permits issued and conservative budgeting for State shared revenues. In addition, expenditures were \$125,654 less than budgeted. These factors resulted in an overall increase in fund balance of \$294,748 or 20.2%.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Village. At April 30, 2018, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$1,580,894 which represents 90.1 percent of the total fund balance of the General Fund. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents approximately 50.2 percent of total General Fund expenditures.

The Village reports four capital projects funds as major funds: SSA 13 Improvement Fund, Transportation Impact Fees Fund, SSA 14 Improvements Fund, and Public Use Fund. The SSA 13 Improvement reported a \$1 change in fund balance. The Transportation Impact Fees Fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$159,462 due to the Village not spending in this fund during the current year. The SSA 14 Improvement Fund reported a \$169,156 decrease. The Public Use Fund reported a decrease of \$145,907.

All other governmental funds of the Village are reported as nonmajor funds, including the Motor Fuel Tax Fund, Road and Bridge Fund, Revolving Loan Fund, Special Service Areas Fund, Evidence Fund, Tax Increment Financing Fund, Hotel/Motel Tax Fund, Capital Improvements Fund, TIF Revenue Bonds of 2009A/Tuscany Woods Line of Credit Fund, Capital Bonds Fund, Equipment Replacement Fund, and Early Warning Impact Fee Fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2018

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS – Continued

Proprietary Funds

The Village's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The Village reports the Water and Sewer Fund as a major proprietary fund that account for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents of the Village. In the current year, the Water and Sewer Fund reported a decrease in net position of \$146,398 due mainly to depreciation costs.

The Village also reports the Garbage fund as a major proprietary fund, which accounts for the provision of garbage service to the residents of the Village. In the current year, the Garbage Fund reported an increase in net position of \$6,337 due to collections exceeding garbage expenses.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

No amendments were made to the General Fund budget during the year. General Fund actual revenues for the year totaled \$3,457,988 compared to budgeted revenues of \$3,280,897. All revenue categories were greater than what budgeted.

The General Fund actual expenditures for the year were \$3,147,440 with budgeted expenditures of \$3,273,094. The Village worked during the year to control costs in the General Fund and experienced less personnel costs then budget expectations.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Village's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of April 30, 2018 was \$78,614,097 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings, machinery and equipment, and underground water and sewer lines.

			Caj	oital Assets - Ne	et of Depreciatio	n		
		Govern	mental	Busines	ss-Type			
		Activ	rities	Activ	vities	То	Total	
	_	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Land	\$	20,962,535	20,868,259	1,201,448	1,201,448	22,163,983	22,069,707	
Construction in Progress		-	-	104,247	168	104,247	168	
Buildings		7,420	8,480	21,428,694	22,032,233	21,436,114	22,040,713	
Machinery and Equipment		410,701	448,095	130,356	128,618	541,057	576,713	
Underground Water and Sewer Lines		8,990,677	9,096,891	25,378,019	26,132,228	34,368,696	35,229,119	
Total		30,371,333	30,421,725	48,242,764	49,494,695	78,614,097	79,916,420	

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2018

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION - Continued

Capital Assets - Continued

This year's major additions included:

Land	\$ 94,276
Construction in Progress	104,079
Vehicles and Equipment	 135,422
	333,777

Additional information on the Village's capital assets can be found in Note 3 of this report.

Debt Administration

At year-end, the Village had total outstanding debt of \$4,316,893 as compared to \$4,967,430 the previous year, a decrease of 13.1 percent. The following is a comparative statement of outstanding debt:

		Long-Term Debt Outstanding						
		Goverr	nmental	Busines	ss-Type			
		Activ	vities	Activ	vities	To	Total	
		2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Installment Contracts General Obligations/	\$	133,917	159,455	-	-	133,917	159,455	
Alternate Revenue Bonds	1	,750,767	1,888,067	1,004,734	1,245,872	2,755,501	3,133,939	
TIF Revenue Bonds		-	30,000	-	-	-	30,000	
IEPA Loans		-	-	1,427,475	1,644,036	1,427,475	1,644,036	
Total	1	,884,684	2,077,522	2,432,209	2,889,908	4,316,893	4,967,430	

During the year, the Village did not issue any new long-term debt. State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a non-home rule governmental entity may issue to 8.625 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limit for the Village is \$16,088,817.

Additional information on the Village's long-term debt can be found in Note 3 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2018

ECOMONIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The downturn in the economy during the Great Recession affected the Village most notable in the slowdown of new residential development. While the Village annexed several acres of commercial and residential property, for a long time virtually all new residential and commercial development ceased. With more than one hundred new residential building permits issued in each of the last three years, the Village is experiencing a promising upturn in the housing market. The Village is also seeing new investment in existing commercial properties within its corporate limits.

The Village considered many factors when adopting the fiscal year 2019 budget, including tax rates, fees for services and the overall economy of the area. The Village continues to be conservative with General Fund financial resources and is focusing on improving fund balance for future economic downturns. Utility rates were increased 1.9% to cover higher operating costs. The Village continues to focus on sustaining the current level of services while being more efficient in providing those services.

As of the date of this report, the extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the Village's operations and financial position cannot be determined.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMAITON

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Lori Lyons, Finance Director, Village of Hampshire, 234 S. State Street, PO Box 457, Hampshire, IL 60140.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial Statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government-Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Funds

Proprietary Funds

Fiduciary Funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Net Position April 30, 2018

ASSETS		overnmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Totals
Connect Association				
Current Assets Cash and Investments	\$	5 205 247	1 510 261	6 974 509
Receivables - Net of Allowances	Φ	5,305,247 1,424,997	1,519,261 448,624	6,824,508 1,873,621
Notes Receivable		1,424,997	440,024	1,873,821
Prepaids		44,986	31,616	76,602
Internal Balances		19,927	(19,927)	-
Internal Datances		17,727	(1),)27)	
Total Current Assets		6,952,964	1,979,574	8,932,538
Noncurrent Assets				
Capital Assets				
Nondepreciable Capital Assets		20,962,535	1,305,695	22,268,230
Depreciable Capital Assets		12,891,265	64,583,801	77,475,066
Accumulated Depreciation		(3,482,467)	(17,646,732)	(21,129,199)
Total Capital Assets		30,371,333	48,242,764	78,614,097
Other Assets				
Net Pension Asset - IMRF		528,647	206,228	734,875
Total Noncurrent Assets		30,899,980	48,448,992	79,348,972
Total Assets		37,852,944	50,428,566	88,281,510
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Items - IMRF		13,159	5,133	18,292
Deferred Items - Police Pension		965,440	-	965,440
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		978,599	5,133	983,732
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		38,831,543	50,433,699	89,265,242

	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Totals
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	\$ 220,094	134,499	354,593
Accrued Payroll	39,276	5,938	45,214
Accrued Interest Payable	21,680	26,333	48,013
Deposits Payable	327,645	-	327,645
Other Liabilities	30,982	-	30,982
Current Portion of Long-term Debt	335,602	474,068	809,670
Total Current Liabilities	975,279	640,838	1,616,117
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Net Pension Liability - Police Pension	1,863,272	-	1,863,272
Installment Contracts	77,071	-	77,071
Compensated Absences Payable	-	9,600	9,600
General Obligation Alternate Revenue Bonds	1,579,267	755,458	2,334,725
IEPA Loan	-	1,205,083	1,205,083
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	3,519,610	1,970,141	5,489,751
Total Liabilities	4,494,889	2,610,979	7,105,868
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Items - IMRF	178,754	69,733	248,487
Deferred Items - Police Pension	899,786	-	899,786
Property Taxes	1,134,022	-	1,134,022
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,212,562	69,733	2,282,295
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,707,451	2,680,712	9,388,163
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	28,486,649	45,810,555	74,297,204
Restricted	61,314		61,314
Police Impound Fees		-	
Tree Replacement	68,222	-	68,222
Highways and Streets	2,063,291 3,051	-	2,063,291
Public Safety	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	3,051
Subdivision Maintenance	48,124	-	48,124
Economic Development	1,030,436	-	1,030,436
Tourism Public Lice	76,489	-	76,489
Public Use Unrestricted (Deficit)	403,701 (117,185)	- 1,942,432	403,701 1,825,247
			· · · ·
Total Net Position	32,124,092	47,752,987	79,877,079

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2018

				Program Revenue	s
			Charges	Operating	Capital
			for	Grants/	Grants/
]	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions
Primary Government					
Governmental Activities					
General Government	\$	777,420	413,693	-	-
Police Protection		1,780,246	104,544	-	-
Highways and Streets		1,128,406	170,604	153,030	-
Planning and Zoning		1,292	-	-	-
Interest on Long-Term Debt		62,877	-	-	-
Total Governmental Activities		3,750,241	688,841	153,030	-
Business-Type Activities					
Water and Sewer		2,703,797	2,547,645	503	-
Garbage		547,488	553,825	-	-
Total Business-Type Activities		3,251,285	3,101,470	503	-
Total Primary Government		7,001,526	3,790,311	153,533	-

General Revenues Taxes Property Taxes Replacement Taxes Sales and Use Taxes Income Taxes Utility Taxes Hotel/Motel Taxes Investment Income Miscellaneous

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Net Position - Ending

	t (Expenses)/Revenues Primary Government	
Governmental	Business-Type	
Activities	Activities	Totals
Activities	Activities	Totals
(363,727)	-	(363,727)
(1,675,702)	-	(1,675,702)
(804,772)	-	(804,772)
(1,292)	-	(1,292)
(62,877)	-	(62,877)
(2,908,370)	-	(2,908,370)
-	(155,649)	(155,649)
-	6,337	6,337
-	(149,312)	(149,312)
(2,908,370)	(149,312)	(3,057,682)
1,050,367	-	1,050,367
19,669	-	19,669
844,891	-	844,891
504,463	-	504,463
407,476	-	407,476
17,006	-	17,006
34,322	45	34,367
279,197	9,206	288,403
3,157,391	9,251	3,166,642
249,021	(140,061)	108,960
31,875,071	47,893,048	79,768,119
32,124,092	47,752,987	79,877,079

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet April 30, 2018

		SSA #13
	General	Improvements
ASSETS	Φ 1.047.01 2	
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,847,012	-
Receivables - Net of Allowances	046 124	
Property Taxes	946,134	-
Other Taxes	278,239	-
Due from Other Funds	306,097	-
Notes Receivable	-	-
Prepaids	44,986	-
Total Assets	3,422,468	
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	215,759	-
Accrued Payroll	39,276	-
Deposits Payable	327,645	-
Other Liabilities	30,982	-
Due to Other Funds	-	-
Compensated Absences Payable	107,256	-
Total Liabilities	720,918	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Property Taxes	946,134	_
Total Liabilities and	7-0,15-	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,667,052	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES	11.007	
Nonspendable	44,986	-
Restricted	129,536	-
Unassigned	1,580,894	-
Total Fund Balances	1,755,416	-
Total Liabilities, Deferred		
Inflows of Resources		
and Fund Balances	2 100 160	
and rund Datances	3,422,468	-

Car	bital Projects			
Transportation Impact Fees	SSA #14 Improvements	Public Use	Nonmajor	Totals
	1		J	
909,595	_	407,208	2,141,432	5,305,247
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		107,200	2,111,132	0,000,21,
-	-	-	187,888	1,134,022
-	-	-	12,736	290,975
-	-	-	-	306,097
-	-	-	157,807	157,807
-	-	-	-	44,986
909,595		407,208	2,499,863	7,239,134
-	-	3,507	828	220,094
-	-	-	-	39,27
-	-	-	-	327,64
-	-	-	-	30,982
-	-	-	286,170	286,17
-	-	-	-	107,25
-	-	3,507	286,998	1,011,423
			107 000	1 12 4 02
-	-	-	187,888	1,134,022
-	-	3,507	474,886	2,145,445
-	-	-	-	44,98
909,595	-	403,701	2,311,796	3,754,62
-	-	-	(286,819)	1,294,07
909,595	-	403,701	2,024,977	5,093,68
909,595		407,208	2,499,863	7,239,13

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to the Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities

April 30, 2018

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 5,093,689
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	30,371,333
A net pension asset is not considered to represent a financial resource and therefore is not reported in the funds.	528,647
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported in the funds.	
Deferred Items - IMRF Deferred Items - Police Pension	(165,595) 65,654
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Net Pension Liability - Police Pension	(1,863,272)
Installment Contracts	(133,917)
General Obligation/Alternate Revenue Bonds	(1,750,767)
Accrued Interest Payable	 (21,680)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	 32,124,092

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2018

See Following Page

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2018

		SSA #13
	General	Improvements
Revenues	ф. о. с с 1. до 4	
Taxes	\$ 2,651,734	-
Intergovernmental	-	-
Charges for Services	186,095	-
Licenses and Permits	216,810	-
Fines and Forfeits	104,358	-
Investment Income	19,794	-
Miscellaneous	279,197	-
Total Revenues	3,457,988	
Expenditures		
Current		
General Government	683,773	-
Highways and Streets	633,614	-
Police Protection	1,756,908	-
Planning and Zoning	1,292	-
Debt Service		
Principal Retirement	63,938	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	7,915	1
Total Expenditures	3,147,440	1
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over (Under) Expenditures	310,548	(1)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Debt Issuance	34,200	-
Transfers In	-	-
Transfers Out	(50,000)	-
	(15,800)	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	294,748	(1)
Fund Balances - Beginning	1,460,668	1
Fund Balances - Ending	1,755,416	-

Cap	ital Projects			
Fransportation Impact	SSA #14	Public	Neurosien	Tetels
Fees	Improvements	Use	Nonmajor	Totals
-	-	-	192,138	2,843,872
-	-	-	153,216	153,216
170,144	-	10,788	460	367,487
-	-	-	-	216,810
-	-	-	-	104,358
-	210	582	13,736	34,322
-	-	-	-	279,197
170,144	210	11,370	359,550	3,999,262
-	-	94,277	15,706	793,756
10,682	169,366	-	257,393	1,071,055
-	-	-	-	1,756,908
-	-	-	-	1,292
-	-	-	163,100	227,038
-	-	-	56,602	64,518
10,682	169,366	94,277	492,801	3,914,567
159,462	(169,156)	(82,907)	(133,251)	84,695
-	-	-	-	34,200
-	-	-	113,000	113,000
-	-	(63,000)	-	(113,000)
-	-	(63,000)	113,000	34,200
159,462	(169,156)	(145,907)	(20,251)	118,895
750,133	169,156	549,608	2,045,228	4,974,794
909,595	-	403,701	2,024,977	5,093,689

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 118,895
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlays	171,396
Depreciation Expense	(221,788)
Disposals - Cost	(21,542)
Disposals - Accumulated Depreciation	21,542
An addition to a net pension asset is not considered to be an increase in a financial asset in the governmental funds.	
Change in Net Pension Asset - IMRF	308,277
The net effect of deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported in the funds. Change in Deferred Items - IMRF	(291,941)
Change in Deferred Items - Police Pension	45,497
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds.	
Change in Net Pension Liability - Police Pension	(75,794)
Debt Issuance	(34,200)
Retirement of Debt	227,038
Changes to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not	
reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	 1,641
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	 249,021

Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds April 30, 2018

See Following Page

Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds April 30, 2018

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise		
	Water and		
	Sewer	Garbage	Totals
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,519,261	-	1,519,261
Receivables - Net of Allowances			
Accounts	359,494	89,130	448,624
Prepaids	31,616	-	31,616
Total Current Assets	1,910,371	89,130	1,999,501
Noncurrent Assets			
Capital Assets			
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	1,305,695	-	1,305,695
Depreciable Capital Assets	64,583,801	-	64,583,801
Accumulated Depreciation	(17,646,732)	-	(17,646,732)
Total Capital Assets	48,242,764	-	48,242,764
Other Assets			
Net Pension Asset	206,228	-	206,228
Total Noncurrent Assets	48,448,992	-	48,448,992
Total Assets	50,359,363	89,130	50,448,493
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Items - IMRF	5,133	_	5,133
Total Assets and Deferred Outlows of Resources	50,364,496	89,130	50,453,626

		Duoiness Tr	ma Astinitian T	7
		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Water and		
		Sewer	Garbage	Totals
		Sewei	Galbage	Totais
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$	89,262	45,237	134,499
Accrued Payroll		5,938	-	5,938
Accrued Interest Payable		26,333	-	26,333
Due to Other Funds		1,740	18,187	19,927
Compensated Absences Payable		2,400	-	2,400
General Obligation Bonds		249,276	-	249,276
IEPA Loan		222,392	-	222,392
Total Current Liabilities	1	597,341	63,424	660,765
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Compensated Absences Payable		9,600	-	9,600
General Obligation Bonds		755,458	-	755,458
IEPA Loan		1,205,083	-	1,205,083
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		1,970,141	-	1,970,141
Total Liabilities		2,567,482	63,424	2,630,906
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Items - IMRF		69,733	-	69,733
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,637,215	63,424	2,700,639
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets		45,810,555	-	45,810,555
Unrestricted		1,916,726	25,706	1,942,432
Total Net Position		47,727,281	25,706	47,752,987

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2018

	Business-Ty	vne Activities - E	nterprise		
	Water and	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Water and			
	Sewer	Garbage	Totals		
One section of Dessentions					
Operating Revenues	¢ 0.000 455	552.025	0.040.000		
Charges for Services	\$ 2,288,455	553,825	2,842,280		
Operating Expenses					
Operations					
Water Department	602,562	-	602,562		
Sewer Department	558,784	547,488	1,106,272		
Water Reconstruction	15,078	-	15,078		
System Improvements	46,410	-	46,410		
Depreciation	1,414,312	-	1,414,312		
Total Operating Expenses	2,637,146	547,488	3,184,634		
Operating Income (Loss)	(348,691)	6,337	(342,354)		
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Tap On Fees	259,190	-	259,190		
Investment Income	45	-	45		
Grant	503	-	503		
Other Income	9,206	-	9,206		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(66,651)	-	(66,651)		
C C	202,293	-	202,293		
Change in Net Position	(146,398)	6,337	(140,061)		
Net Position - Beginning	47,873,679	19,369	47,893,048		
Net Position - Ending	47,727,281	25,706	47,752,987		

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2018

	Business-Type	e Activities -	Enterprise
	Water and		Lincorprise
	Sewer	Garbage	Totals
	Sewer	Garbage	Totais
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 2,644,433	589,909	3,234,342
Payments to Employees	(155,820)	-	(155,820)
Payments to Suppliers	(2,821,718)	(604,927)	(3,426,645)
	(333,105)	(15,018)	(348,123)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related			
Financing Activities			
Purchase of Capital Assets	(162,381)	-	(162,381)
Principal on Capital Debt	(457,699)	-	(457,699)
Interest on Capital Debt	(66,651)	-	(66,651)
	(686,731)	-	(686,731)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Interest Received	45	-	45
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1,019,791)	(15,018)	(1,034,809)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	2,539,052	15,018	2,554,070
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	1,519,261	_	1,519,261
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities			
Operating Income (Loss)	(348,691)	6,337	(342,354)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating			
Income to Net Income to Net Cash			
Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities:			
Depreciation Expense	1,414,312	-	1,414,312
Other Income (Expenses)	268,899	-	268,899
(Increase) Decrease in Current Assets	87,079	36,084	123,163
Increase (Decrease) in Current Liabilities	(1,754,704)	(57,439)	(1,812,143)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	(333,105)	(15,018)	(348,123)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position April 30, 2018

	Pension Trust	Agency
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>\$ 1,638,899</u>	2,711,659
LIABILITIES		
Due to Park District and Village Parks	-	308,160
Due to School Districts	-	67,924
Due to Library Districts	-	120,514
Due to Fire Districts	-	187,907
Due to Others	-	16,328
Due to Bondholders		2,010,826
Total Liabilities		2,711,659
NET POSITION		
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	1,638,899	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2018

	Pension Trust
Additions	
Contributions - Employer	\$ 200,000
Contributions - Plan Members	86,757
Total Contributions	286,757
Investment Income	
Interest Earned	10,624
Net Change in Fair Value	
	10,624
Less Investment Expenses	<u> </u>
Net Investment Income	10,624
Total Additions	297,381
Deductions	
Administration	6,352
Benefits and Refunds	31,202
Total Deductions	37,554
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	259,827
Net Position Restricted for Pensions Beginning	1,379,072
Ending	1,638,899

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Village of Hampshire (Village), Illinois, is a municipal corporation governed by an elected president and six-member Board of Trustees. The Village's major operations include police protection, highway and street maintenance and reconstruction, planning and zoning, economic development, water, sewer and garbage services and general administrative services.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), except as described in the Basis of Presentation below. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant of the Village's accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Village are described below.

REPORTING ENTITY

The Village's financial reporting entity comprises the primary government, the Village of Hampshire.

In determining the financial reporting entity, the Village complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Omnibus – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34," and includes all component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the Village. Based upon the criteria set forth in the GASB Statement No. 61, there are no component units included in the reporting entity.

Police Pension Employees Retirement System

The Village's sworn police employees participate in the Police Pension Employees Retirement System (PPERS). PPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members appointed by the Village's President and three elected police employees constitute the pension board. Although there are 3 retirees in fiscal year-end April 30, 2018, there are no elected pension beneficiaries. The participants are required to contribute a percentage of salary as established by state statute and the Village is obligated to fund all remaining PPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the Village is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels.

Although it is legally separate from the Village, the PPERS is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to provide retirement benefits for the Village's police employees. The PPERS is reported as a fiduciary fund, and specifically a pension trust fund, due to the fiduciary responsibility exercised over the PPERS.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Statements

The Village's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Village as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Village's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The Village's police protection, highway and street maintenance and reconstruction, planning and zoning, economic development and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The Village's water, sewer and garbage services are classified as business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are: (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets/deferred outflows and receivables as well as long-term debt/deferred inflows and obligations.

The Village's net position is reported in three parts: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. The Village first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Village's functions and business-type activities (general government, police protection, highways and streets, etc.). The functions are supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, which include 1) changes to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property tax, sales tax, interest income, etc.). The Village allocates indirect costs to the proprietary funds for personnel who perform administrative services for those funds, along with other indirect costs deemed necessary for their operations, but are paid through the General Fund. This government-wide focus concentrates on the sustainability of the Village as an entity and the change in the Village's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Village are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The Village electively added funds, as major funds, which either had debt outstanding or specific community focus. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements.

A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

Total assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and

Total assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund types are used by the Village:

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Village:

General fund is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is a major fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Fund Financial Statements – Continued

Governmental Funds - Continued

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Village maintains seven non-major special revenue funds.

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest. The Village maintains one nonmajor debt service fund.

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by business-type/proprietary funds). The Village maintains four major capital projects funds, the SSA #13 Improvements, Transportation Impact Fees, SSA #14 Improvements and Public Use Funds. The SSA #13 Improvements Fund is used to account for the proceeds from the SSA #13 bond issue and the capital improvements benefiting SSA #13. The Transportation Impact Fees Fund is used to account for the proceeds of transportation impact fees and the improvements funded by the fees. The SSA #14 Improvements Fund is used to account for the proceeds from the SSA #14 bond issue received by the Village and the capital improvements benefiting SSA #14. The Public Use Fund is used to account for the proceeds of public use impact fees and the improvements funded by the fees. The Village also maintains four non-major capital projects funds.

Proprietary Funds

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The following is a description of the proprietary fund of the Village:

Enterprise funds are required to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or (c) establishes fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs. The Village maintains two major enterprise funds, the Water and Sewer Fund and the Garbage Fund. The Water and Sewer Fund is used to account for the provision of potable water and sewer services to the residents and businesses of the Village. The Garbage Fund is used to account for the provision of solid waste services to the residents and businesses of the Village financed by user fees.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Fund Financial Statements – Continued

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support Village programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds.

Pension trust funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for pension benefit payments. The Police Pension Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for disability and retirement annuity payments to employees covered by the plan. Financing is provided by employee contributions, the Village's contribution and investment income.

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the Village in a purely custodial capacity. The agency fund is used to account for the collection and remittance of impact fees for the Park District, Library Districts, School District, and Fire Protection District and collection of taxes from special service areas 9, 14 and 16 through 19 and remittance to bondholders.

The Village's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type (pension trust and agency). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the Village, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined below. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - Continued

Measurement Focus - Continued

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

All proprietary and fiduciary funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary and pension trust fund equity is classified as net position. Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability/deferred inflow is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets/deferred outflows, and liabilities/deferred inflows resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year-end. The Village recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in accordance with GASB Codification Section P70. A sixty-day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are recognized when due.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, interest revenue and charges for services. All other revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING – Continued

Basis of Accounting – Continued

All proprietary, pension trust and agency funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Village's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Village also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents on the Statement of Net Position are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, cash with fiscal agent. For the purpose of the proprietary funds "Statement of Cash Flows," cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, cash with fiscal agent, and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. For investments, the Village categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. All of the Village's investments are in 2a7-like investment pools that are measured at the net asset value per share determined by the pool.

Prepaids

Prepaids are valued at cost, which approximates market. The cost of governmental fund-type prepaids are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaids in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

Interfund Receivables, Payables and Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$10,000 or more, depending on asset class, are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the Village as a whole. Infrastructure, such as streets, traffic signals and signs are capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement costs. Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation basis for proprietary fund capital assets are the same as those used for the general capital assets. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Depreciation on all assets is computed and recorded using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	10 - 50 Years
Vehicles, Machinery and Equipment	5 - 20 Years
Underground Water and Sewer Lines	25 - 50 Years
Infrastructure	25 - 50 Years

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflow/inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense)/inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses at the time of issuance.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditure.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.

Unrestricted – All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. All departments of the Village submit requests for budgets so that a budget may be prepared. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates, and requested budgets for the next fiscal year.

The proposed budget is presented to the Village Board for review. The Village Board holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from, or change budgeted amounts, but may not change the form of the budget.

The Finance Director is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within any fund; however, the Board of Trustees must approve any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund. State statues establish that expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. No supplemental appropriations were made during the year.

Budgets are prepared for all funds except the SSA 13 Improvement Fund, the Capital Improvements Fund, and the TIF Revenue Bonds of 2009A/Tuscany Woods Line of Credit.

EXCESS OF ACTUAL EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES OVER BUDGET IN INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

The following funds had an excess of actual expenditures/expenses, exclusive of depreciation, over budget for the fiscal year:

Fund	 Excess	
SSA #14 Improvements	\$ 169,366	
Public Use	94,277	
Road and Bridge	153,067	
Revolving Loan	325	
Evidence	528	
Hotel/Motel Tax	3	
Garbage	9,688	

DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

The following fund reported deficit fund equity at year-end:

Fund	 Deficit
Tax Increment Financing	\$ 286,819

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2018

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Village maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and investments." In addition, investments are separately held by several of the Village's funds. The deposits and investments of the pension trust funds are held separately from those of other funds.

Permitted Deposits and Investments – Statutes authorize the Village to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations of States and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, Illinois Funds and the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund.

The deposits and investments of the Pension Fund are held separately from those of other Village funds. Statutes authorize the Pension Fund to make deposits/invest in interest bearing direct obligations of the United States of America; obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States of America; bonds, notes, debentures, or similar obligations of agencies of the United States of America; savings accounts or certificates of deposit issued by banks or savings and loan associations chartered by the United States of America or by the State of Illinois, to the extent that the deposits are insured by the agencies or instrumentalities of the federal government; credit unions, to the extent that the deposits are insured by the agencies or instrumentalities of the federal government; State of Illinois bonds; pooled accounts managed by the Illinois Funds Market Fund (Formerly known as IPTIP, Illinois Public Treasurer's Investment Pool), or by banks, their subsidiaries or holding companies, in accordance with the laws of the State of Illinois; bonds or tax anticipation warrants of any county, township, or municipal corporation of the State of Illinois; direct obligations of the State of Israel; money market mutual funds managed by investment companies that are registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 and are diversified, open-ended management investment companies, provided the portfolio is limited to specified restrictions; general accounts of life insurance companies; and separate accounts of life insurance companies and mutual funds, the mutual funds must meet specific restrictions, provided the investment in separate accounts and mutual funds does not exceed ten percent of the Pension Fund's plan net position; and corporate bonds managed through an investment advisor, rated as investment grade by one of the two largest rating services at the time of purchase. Pension Funds with plan net position of \$2.5 million or more may invest up to forty-five percent of plan net position in separate accounts of life insurance companies and mutual funds. Pension Funds with plan net position of at least \$5 million that have appointed an investment advisor, may through that investment advisor invest up to forty-five percent of the plan net position in common and preferred stocks that meet specific restrictions. In addition, pension funds with plan net position of at least \$10 million that have appointed an investment advisor, may invest up to fifty percent of its net position in common and preferred stocks and mutual funds that meet specific restrictions effective July 1, 2011 and up to fiftyfive percent effective July 1, 2012.

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

The Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the Illinois Public Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. The Illinois Funds is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at the share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

Village Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk

Deposits. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Village's deposits for governmental and business-type activities totaled \$5,770,320 and the bank balances totaled \$5,854,906. The Village also has \$1,054,188 invested in the Illinois Funds.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Village's investment policy states that the portfolio should be structured to provide liquidity for short and long-term cash flow needs while providing a reasonable rate of return based on the current market and limiting investments to a maximum maturity of three years from purchase, unless designated for a specific purpose. The Village's investment in the Illinois Funds has an average maturity of less than one year.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Village limits its exposure to credit risk by primarily investing in external investment pools. The Village's investment in the Illinois Funds was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village's investment policy requires all security transactions that are exposed to custodial credit risk to be processed on a delivery versus payment basis with the underlying investments held by an independent third-party custodian designated by the treasurer and evidenced by safekeeping receipts and a custodial agreement. At year-end, the entire amount of the bank balance of deposits was covered by collateral, federal depository or equivalent insurance. The Village's investment in the Illinois Funds is not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration Risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Village's investment in a single issuer. The Village's investment policy states that investments shall be diversified to the best of the Village's ability based on the type of funds invested and the cash flow needs of those funds. At yearend, the Village does not have any investments over 5 percent of the total cash and investment portfolio (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments).

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2018

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Police Pension Fund Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk

Deposits. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Fund's deposits totaled \$1,638,899 and the bank balances totaled \$1,638,899.

Interest Rate Risk. The Fund's investment policy states assets shall be sufficiently liquid to enable the Fund to pay all necessary benefits and meet all operating requirements which might be reasonably anticipated.

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the Fund will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Fund's investment policy states that investment contracts and agreements of life insurance companies licensed to do business in the state of Illinois shall be rated at least A+ by Moody's and AA+ by Standard and Poor's, and securities issued by the state of Illinois, or any county, township, or municipal corporation within the state of Illinois should not be rated less than Aa by Moody's or AA+ by Standard and Poor's.

Credit Risk. The Fund's investment policy limits credit risk by restricting investments to those allowed by the Illinois Pension Code, Illinois Compiled Statutes Chapter 40 Act 5 Articles 1 and 3, and the Public Funds Investment Act.

Concentration Risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Fund's investment in a single issuer. The Fund's investment policy states that investments shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital. As such, the Board has consciously diversified the aggregate fund to ensure that adverse or unexpected results will not have an excessively detrimental impact on the entire portfolio when possible. Diversification is to be interpreted to include diversification by asset type, characteristics, number of investments, and in the case of investment money managers, by investment style. At year-end, the Fund does not have any investments (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments) in any one organization that represent 5 percent or more of net position available for benefits.

The Fund's investment policy in accordance with Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) establishes the following target allocation across asset classes:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Asset Class	Target	Rate of Return
Cash and Cash Equivalents	100%	0.0%

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Police Pension Fund Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk – Continued

Concentration Risk - Continued. Securities in any one company should not exceed 5% of the total fund.

The long-term expected rate of return on the Fund's investments was determined using an asset allocation study conducted by the Fund's investment management consultant in May 2019 in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding the expected inflation. Best estimates or arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of April 30, 2019 are listed in the table on the previous page.

Rate of Return

For the year ended April 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 0.03%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for 2017 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by County Collector and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1 and September 1. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically.

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM – REVOLVING LOAN FUND

The Village provides financing for qualified recipients under the Community Development Assistance Program (CDAP). Principal balances outstanding as of April 30, 2018 total \$157,807. Minimum future receipts from recipients under this program are as follows:

Fiscal		T	m 1
Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 157,807	9,960	167,767

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental Activities

Governmental capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$ 20,868,259	94,276	-	20,962,535
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Buildings and Improvements	58,800	-	-	58,800
Vehicles and Equipment	1,336,295	77,120	21,542	1,391,873
Infrastructure	11,440,592	-	-	11,440,592
	12,835,687	77,120	21,542	12,891,265
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings and Improvements	50,320	1,060	-	51,380
Vehicles and Equipment	888,200	114,514	21,542	981,172
Infrastructure	2,343,701	106,214	-	2,449,915
	3,282,221	221,788	21,542	3,482,467
Total Net Depreciable Capital Assets	9,553,466	(144,668)	-	9,408,798
Total Net Capital Assets	30,421,725	(50,392)	-	30,371,333

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Public Safety Highways and Streets	\$ 38,187 183,601
	221,788

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

CAPITAL ASSETS – Continued

Business-Type Activities

Business-type capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$ 1,201,448	-	-	1,201,448
Construction in Progress	168	104,079	-	104,247
	1,201,616	104,079	-	1,305,695
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Buildings	28,766,168	-	-	28,766,168
Machinery and Equipment	529,168	58,302	-	587,470
Underground Water and Sewer Lines	35,230,163	-	-	35,230,163
	64,525,499	58,302	-	64,583,801
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings	6,733,935	603,539	-	7,337,474
Machinery and Equipment	400,550	56,564	-	457,114
Underground Water and Sewer Lines	9,097,935	754,209	-	9,852,144
	16,232,420	1,414,312	-	17,646,732
Total Net Depreciable Capital Assets	48,293,079	(1,356,010)	-	46,937,069
Total Net Capital Assets	49,494,695	(1,251,931)	-	48,242,764

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities as follows:

 Water and Sewer
 \$ 1,414,312

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2018

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Balances

The composition of interfund balances as of the date of this report is as follows:

Payable Fund		Amount
Nonmajor Governmental	\$	286,170
Water and Sewer		1,740
Garbage		18,187
		306,097
	Nonmajor Governmental Water and Sewer	Nonmajor Governmental \$ Water and Sewer

Interfund balances are advances in anticipation of receipts.

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year consisted of the following:

Transfer In	Transfer In Transfer Out	
Nonmajor Governmental Nonmajor Governmental	General Public Use	\$ 50,000 (2) 63,000 (1)
		113,000

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

LONG-TERM DEBT

Noncommitment Debt – Special Service Area Bonds

Special service area bonds outstanding as of the date of this report totaled \$17,744,000. These bonds are not an obligation of the government and are secured by the levy of an annual tax on the real property within the special service area. The government is in no way liable for repayment but is only acting as agent for the property owners in levying and collecting the tax, and forwarding the collections to bondholders.

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

IEPA Loan

The Village has entered into an agreement with the IEPA to provide low interest financing for water and sewer improvements. IEPA revolving loan currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
IEPA Loan of 2002 - Due in semi-annual installments of \$129,550 including interest at 2.675% through November 15, 2023.	Water and Sewer	<u>\$ 1,644,036</u>	_	216,561	1,427,475

Installment Contracts

The Village enters into installment contracts to provide funds for the acquisition of capital assets. Installment contracts currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
Dodge Charger Installment Contract of 2016 - Due in annual installments of \$8,372 including interest at 5.50% through June 25, 2017.	General \$		-	7,936	-
Panasonic Toughbook Installment Contract of 2015 - Due in monthly installments of \$876 including interest at 3.25% through August 14, 2018.	General	13,711	-	10,222	3,489
Squad Cars Installment Contract of 2016 - Due in monthly installments of \$1,438.34 including interest at 2.25% through July 25, 2019	General	37,808	-	16,580	21,228
Snow Plow Installment Contract of 2017 - Due in annual installments of \$25,920 to \$27,089 including interest at 2.75% through July 6, 2020.	General	100,000	-	25,000	75,000

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT-Continued

Installment Contracts - Continued

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	0 0	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
Equipment Installment Contract of 2017 - Due in annual installments of \$11,400 interest free through July 10, 2020.	General	\$ -	34,200	-	34,200
		159,455	34,200	59,738	133,917

General Obligation Alternate Revenue Source Bonds

The Village issues bonds for which the Village pledges income derived from specific revenue sources to pay debt service. Alternate revenue source bonds further pledge the full faith and credit of the Village should the alternate revenue source be insufficient. Alternate revenue source bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Fund Debt	Beginning			Ending
Issue	Retired by	Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Balances
Taxable General Obligation Alternate Bonds of 2010 - Due in annual installments of \$51,564 to \$66,305 plus interest of 1.15% - 4.80% through December 15, 2020.	Water and Sewer	\$ 248,939	_	58,438	190,501
200000000000000000000000000000000000000	Sewer	φ 210,939		56,150	190,501
General Obligation (Alternate Revenue Source) Refunding Bonds of 2012 - Due in annual installments of \$95,000 to	Capital Bonds	713,067	-	132,300	580,767
\$340,000 plus interest of 2.00% - 2.75%	Water and				
through December 15, 2023.	Sewer	996,933	-	182,700	814,233
General Obligation (Alternate Revenue Source) Refunding Bonds of 2016 - Due	General	141,000	-	600	140,400
in annual installments of \$5,000 to	Tax				
\$205,000 plus interest of 3.00% - 4.00% through December 15, 2028.	Increment Financing	1,034,000	-	4,400	1,029,600
	-	3,133,939	-	378,438	2,755,501

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

TIF Revenue Bonds

The Village issues bonds for which the Village pledges income derived from specific revenue sources to pay debt service. TIF revenue bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
TIF Revenue Bonds of 2009A - Due in annual installments of \$25,000 to \$215,000, plus interest of 5.25%, through December 15, 2017.	Tax Increment Financing	\$ 30,000		30,000	

Long-Term Liability Activity

Changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year were as follows:

					Amounts
	Beginning			Ending	Due within
Type of Debt	Balances	Additions	Deductions	Balances	One Year
Governmental Activities					
Compensated Absences	\$ 95,297	23,918	11,959	107,256	107,256
Net Pension Liability - Police Pension	1,787,478	75,794	-	1,863,272	-
Installment Contracts	159,455	34,200	59,738	133,917	56,846
General Obligation Alternate					
Revenue Bonds	1,888,067	-	137,300	1,750,767	171,500
TIF Revenue Bonds	30,000	-	30,000	-	-
	3,960,297	133,912	238,997	3,855,212	335,602
Business-Type Activities					
Compensated Absences	14,869	2,869	5,738	12,000	2,400
General Obligation Alternate	14,009	2,809	5,758	12,000	2,400
Revenue Bonds	1 245 972		241 120	1 004 724	240 276
	1,245,872	-	241,138	1,004,734	249,276
IEPA Loan	1,644,036	-	216,561	1,427,475	222,392
	2,904,777	2,869	463,437	2,444,209	474,068
	2,704,777	2,009	403,437	2,444,209	474,000

For governmental activities, payments on the compensated absences, the net pension liability, and the installment contracts are being made by the General Fund. The Capital Bonds Fund makes payments on the general obligation alternate revenue bonds. The Tax Increment Financing Fund makes payments on the TIF revenue bonds.

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

Long-Term Liability Activity – Continued

For business-type activities, the Water and Sewer Fund makes payments on the compensated absences, the installment contracts, general obligation alternate revenue bonds and IEPA loan.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

		Governmental Activities					
		Install	ment	General O	bligation		
Fiscal		Contr	acts	Alternate Rev	enue Bonds		
Year		Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2019	\$	56,846	2,416	171,500	57,290		
2020		40,671	1,408	173,600	53,510		
2021		36,400	696	182,800	49,613		
2022		-	-	84,600	45,421		
2023		-	-	86,700	43,184		
2024		-	-	81,567	40,809		
2025		-	-	185,000	35,100		
2026		-	-	190,000	27,600		
2027		-	-	190,000	20,000		
2028		-	-	200,000	12,200		
2029	_	-	-	205,000	4,100		
Totals		133,917	4,520	1,750,767	388,826		
	_		Business-T	ype Activities			
				General Ob	ligation		
Fiscal	_	IEPA	Loan	Alternate Reve	nue Bonds		
Year		Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2019	\$	222,392	36,708	249,276	8,712		
2020		228,381	30,719	254,820	6,068		
2021		234,530	24,570	263,505	3,183		
2022		240,847	18,253	75,400	-		
2023		247,333	11,767	78,300	-		
2024	-	253,992	5,107	83,433	-		
Totals	=	1,427,475	127,124	1,004,734	17,963		

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Legal Debt Margin

Chapter 65, Section 5/8-5-1 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes provides, "...no municipality having a population of less than 500,000 shall become indebted in any manner or for any purpose, to an amount, including existing indebtedness in the aggregate exceeding 8.625% on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county purposes, previous to the incurring of the indebtedness or, until January 1, 1983, if greater, the sum that is produced by multiplying the municipality's 1978 equalized assessed valuation by the debt limitation percentage in effect on January 1, 1979."

Assessed Valuation - 2017	\$ 186,537,007
Legal Debt Limit - 8.625% of Assessed Value	16,088,817
Amount of Debt Applicable to Limit	
Legal Debt Margin	16,088,817

FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

In the governmental fund financial statements, the Village considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The Village first utilizes committed, then assigned and then unassigned fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which all three unrestricted fund balances are available.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy. The Village's policy manual states that the General Fund should maintain a minimum fund balance equal to no less than 10% and no more than 20% of the subsequent year's budgeted operating expenditures.

Nonspendable Fund Balance. Consists of resources that cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in a spendable form; or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance. Consists of resources that are restricted to specific purposes, that is, when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance. Consists of resources constrained (issuance of an ordinance) to specific purposes by the government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Trustees; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint.

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS – Continued

Assigned Fund Balance. Consists of amounts that are constrained by the Board of Trustees' intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by a) the Board of Trustees itself or b) a body or official to which the Board of Trustees has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The Village's highest level of decision-making authority is the Board of Trustees, who is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose.

Unassigned Fund Balance. Consists of residual net resources of a fund that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund and deficit fund balances of other governmental funds.

The following is a schedule of fund balance classifications for the governmental funds as of the date of this report:

		Capital Projects				_	
		Т	Transportation				
		SSA 13	Impact	SSA 14	Public		
	General	Improvement	Fees	Improvements	Use	Nonmajor	Totals
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable	\$ 44,986						44,986
Nonspendable	\$ 44,980		-	-	-	-	44,980
Restricted							
Police Impound Fees	61,314	-	-	-	-	-	61,314
Tree Replacement	68,222	-	-	-	-	-	68,222
Highways and Streets	-	-	909,595	-	-	1,153,696	2,063,291
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	-	3,051	3,051
Subdivision Maintenance	-	-	-	-	-	48,124	48,124
Economic Development	-	-	-	-	-	1,030,436	1,030,436
Tourism	-	-	-	-	-	76,489	76,489
Public Use	-	-	-	-	403,701	-	403,701
	129,536	-	909,595	-	403,701	2,311,796	3,754,628
Unassigned	1,580,894	-	-	-	-	(286,819)	1,294,075
Total Fund Balances	1,755,416	-	909,595	-	403,701	2,024,977	5,093,689

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2018

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental Activities		
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation		\$ 30,371,333
Less Capital Related Debt:		
•	(122 0 17)	
Installment Contracts Payable	(133,917)	
General Obligation (ARS) Bonds of 2012	(580,767)	
General Obligation (ARS) Bonds of 2016	(1,170,000)	(1,884,684)
Net Investment in Capital Assets		28,486,649
Business-Type Activities		
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation		48,242,764
Less Capital Related Debt:		
General Obligation (ARS) Bonds of 2010	(190,501)	
General Obligation (ARS) Bonds of 2012	(814,233)	
IEPA Loan of 2002	(1,427,475)	(2,432,209)
IEI A LOUI OI 2002	(1,427,475)	(2,432,209)
Net Investment in Capital Assets		45,810,555
-		

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and injuries to the Village's employees. The Village has purchased insurance from private insurance companies. Risks covered included certain types of liabilities and bonds. Premiums have been displayed as expenditures/expenses in appropriate funds. There were no significant changes in insurance coverages from the prior year and settlements did not exceed insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

The Village is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Village's attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material, adverse effect on the financial condition of the Village.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2018

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES – Continued

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Village expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Sales Tax Rebates

The Village has a sales tax rebate agreement which was designed to induce a vendor to locate and retain their business within the Village. The first agreement originating in 2000, covered point-of-sale transactions within the Village. The agreement has been amended from time to time with the latest amendment occurring in 2010. The 2010 amendment calls for a rebate of 50% of the sales tax receipts received by the Village starting with the first dollar. The sales tax rebate is payable to the vendor each year once the August sales tax remittance has been received by the Village from the State of Illinois. The Village has recorded \$49,195 in sales tax rebate expenses in the General Fund in the current year. As of April 30, 2018, the amount due to the vendor is \$38,858, recorded as a liability in the General Fund.

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Village contributes to two defined benefit pension plans, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), a defined benefit agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system, and the Police Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan. A separate report is issued for the Police Pension Plan and may be obtained by writing to the Village at 234 South State Street, PO Box 457, Hampshire, Illinois 60140. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not by individual employer. That report may be obtained online at <u>www.imrf.org</u>. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

Plan Descriptions

Plan Administration. All employees (other than those covered by the Police Pension Plan) hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2018

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) – Continued

Plan Descriptions – Continued

Benefits Provided. IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired *before* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired *on or after* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Plan Membership. As of December 31, 2017, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	14
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	17
Active Plan Members	13
Total	44

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2018

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) – Continued

Plan Descriptions – Continued

Contributions. As set by statute, the Village's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. For the year-ended April 30, 2018, the Village's contribution was 3.40% of covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability. The Village's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed, as of December 31, 2017, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market
Actuarial Assumptions Interest Rate	7.50%
Salary Increases	3.39% - 14.25%
Cost of Living Adjustments	3.50%
Inflation	2.50%

For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2018

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Plan Descriptions - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions – Continued. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term	
		Expected Real	
Asset Class	Target	Rate of Return	
Fixed Income	28.00%	3.00%	
Domestic Equities	37.00%	6.85%	
International Equities	18.00%	6.75%	
Real Estate	9.00%	5.75%	
Blended	7.00%	2.65% - 7.35%	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1.00%	2.25%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%, the same as the prior valuation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Village contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all project future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) – Continued

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability of the Village calculated using the discount rate as well as what the Village's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

			Current	
	19	% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
		(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	(361,461)	(734,875)	(1,043,845)

Changes in the Net Pension (Asset)

	Total Pension Liability (A)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	Net Pension (Asset) (A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2016	\$ 2,920,115	3,234,954	(314,839)
Changes for the Year:			
Service Cost	63,618	-	63,618
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	216,673	-	216,673
Difference Between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	(12,862)	-	(12,862)
Changes of Assumptions	(93,507)	-	(93,507)
Contributions - Employer	-	19,465	(19,465)
Contributions - Employees	-	27,034	(27,034)
Net Investment Income	-	584,171	(584,171)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds			
of Employee Contributions	(125,892)	(125,892)	-
Other (Net Transfer)		(36,712)	36,712
Net Changes	48,030	468,066	(420,036)
Balances at December 31, 2017	2,968,145	3,703,020	(734,875)

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2018

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2018, the Village recognized pension expense of \$12,225. At April 30, 2018, the Village reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	Totals
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	9,499	(8,330)	1,169
Change in Assumptions		-	(60,561)	(60,561)
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		-	(179,596)	(179,596)
Total Pension Expense to be Recognized in Future Periods		9,499	(248,487)	(238,988)
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date		8,793	_	8,793
Total Deferred Amounts Related to IMRF		18,292	(248,487)	(230,195)

\$8,793 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended April 30, 2019.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Fiscal Year	 Net Deferred (Inflows) of Resources	
2019	\$ (50,128)	
2020	(53,562)	
2021	(66,119)	
2022	(69,179)	
2023	-	
Thereafter	-	
Total	 (238,988)	

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2018

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Police Pension Plan

Plan Descriptions

Plan Administration. The Police Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all sworn police personnel. The defined benefits and employee and minimum employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/3-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The Village accounts for the Fund as a pension trust fund. The Fund is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members of the Board are appointed by the Village President, one member is elected by pension beneficiaries and two members are elected by active police employees.

Plan Membership. At April 30, 2018, the measurement date, membership consisted of the following:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	1
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	2
Active Plan Members	12
Total	15

Benefits Provided. The following is a summary of the Police Pension Plan as provided for in Illinois State Statutes.

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits through two tiers of benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Covered employees hired before January 1, 2011 (Tier 1), attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of ¹/₂ of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5 percent of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years, to a maximum of 75 percent of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3 percent of the original pension and 3 percent compounded annually thereafter.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2018

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Police Pension Plan - Continued

Plan Descriptions – Continued

Benefits Provided – *Continued.* Covered employees hired on or after January 1, 2011 (Tier 2), attaining the age of 55 or older with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the police officer during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Police officer salary for the pension purposes is capped at \$106,800, plus the lesser of ½ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3 percent compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5 percent of such a salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75 percent of such salary. Employees with at least 10 years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e., ½ percent for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 police officer shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the police officer retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Noncompounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3 percent of ½ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

Contributions. Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan and the administrative costs as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. However, effective January 1, 2011, ILCS requires the Village to contribute a minimum amount annually calculated using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method that will result in the funding of 90% of the past service cost by the year 2040. For the year-ended April 30, 2018, the Village's contribution was 22.61% of covered payroll.

Concentrations. At year-end, the Pension Plan does not have any investments over 5 percent of the total net position restricted for benefits (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments).

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2018

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Police Pension Plan – Continued

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed, as of April 30, 2018, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market
Actuarial Assumptions Interest Rate	5.00%
Salary Increases	3.25%
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.50%
Inflation	2.50%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Table (BCHA) projected to 2018 using improvement scale MP-2016. The actuarial assumptions used in the April 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted by the independent actuary in 2016.

Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of 4.91% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 5.00%, the municipal bond rate is 3.97%, and the resulting single discount rate is 4.91%.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2018

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Police Pension Plan – Continued

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitive analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability of the Village calculated using the discount rate as well as what the Village's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Current				
	19	% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase		
		(3.91%)	(4.91%)	(5.91%)		
Net Pension Liability	\$	2,656,173	1,863,272	1,250,095		

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (A)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	Net Pension Liability (A) - (B)
Balances at April 30, 2017	\$ 3,166,550	1,379,072	1,787,478
Changes for the Year:			
Service Cost	193,433	-	193,433
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	189,057	-	189,057
Difference Between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	(761,677)	-	(761,677)
Changes of Assumptions	746,010	-	746,010
Contributions - Employer	-	200,000	(200,000)
Contributions - Employees	-	86,757	(86,757)
Net Investment Income	-	10,624	(10,624)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds			
of Employee Contributions	(31,202)	(31,202)	-
Administrative Expense		(6,352)	6,352
Net Changes	335,621	259,827	75,794
Balances at April 30, 2018	3,502,171	1,638,899	1,863,272

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2018

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Police Pension Plan – Continued

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2018, the Village recognized pension expense of \$248,307. At April 30, 2018, the Village reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	Totals	
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	72,086	(825,263)	(753,177)	
Change in Assumptions		761,534	(74,523)	687,011	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		131,820	-	131,820	
Total Deferred Amounts Related to Police Pension		965,440	(899,786)	65,654	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

	Net Deferred Outflows/			
Fiscal	(Inflows)			
Year	of Resources			
2019	\$ 18,433			
2020	18,430			
2021	24,648			
2022	14,250			
2024	(1,666)			
Thereafter	 (8,441)			
Total	 65,654			

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2018

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Village has evaluated its potential other post-employment benefits liability. Former employees who choose to retain their rights to health insurance through the Village are required to pay 100% of the current premium. However, there is no participation. As the Village provides no explicit benefit, and there is no participation, there is no material implicit subsidy to calculate in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. Therefore, the Village has not recorded a liability as of April 30, 2018.

SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Financial Impact due to COVID-19

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the COVID-19 virus a public health emergency. As of the date of this report, the extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the Village's operations and financial position cannot be determined.

Police Pension Amendment

Effective January 24, 2020, Public Act 101-0627 amended Article 3 of the Illinois Pension Code. This amendment impacts six active plan members and all three inactive plan members of the Hampshire Police Pension Fund qualifying these individuals as Tier 1 members. This new legislation will be used by the pension fund's actuary in determining calculations of the future benefit obligations, the Village's levy requirement and the net pension liability. The full impact of these changes to the Hampshire Police Pension plan and the Village has not yet been estimated.

Debt Issuances

On June 26, 2019, the Village issued \$5,325,000 of Special Service Area 13 Special Tax Refunding Bonds, due in annual installments of \$190,000 to \$430,000, plus interest through March 1, 2037.

On March 18, 2020, the Village executed a Promissory Note with Resource Bank in the amount of \$220,000 due in monthly installments and maturing on March 20, 2025.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Schedule of Employer Contributions Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Police Pension Fund
- Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Police Pension Fund
- Schedule of Investment Returns Police Pension Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Information – Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Contributions April 30, 2018

Fiscal Year	De	ctuarially etermined ntribution	in I the De	ntributions Relation to Actuarially etermined ntribution	Ex	ribution ccess/ iciency)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2016 2017 2018	\$	22,680 17,491 21,539	\$	22,680 17,491 21,539	\$	- -	\$ 533,645 586,761 632,999	4.25% 2.98% 3.40%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level % Pay (Closed)
Remaining Amortization Period	26 Years
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smoothed Market
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	3.75% - 14.50%
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%
Retirement Age	See the Notes to the Financial Statements
Mortality	MP-2014 (Base Year 2012)

Note:

Police Pension Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Contributions April 30, 2018

Fiscal Year	D	Actuarially Determined Contribution		Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution		Contribution Excess/ (Deficiency)		Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2015 2016 2017 2018	\$	208,600 186,085 198,691 190,291	\$	208,600 187,000 200,000 200,000	\$	915 1,309 9,709	\$	855,320 802,621 856,700 884,543	24.39% 23.30% 23.35% 22.61%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level % Pay (Closed)
Remaining Amortization Period	24 Years
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smoothed Market
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.25%
Investment Rate of Return	5.00%
Retirement Age	See the Notes to the Financial Statements
Mortality	MP-2016 Mortalitiy Table (BCHA)

Note:

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability April 30, 2018

	12	2/31/2015
Total Pension Liability		
Service Cost Interest Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes of Assumptions	\$	60,074 191,432 30,658
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions		(118,436)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability Total Pension Liability - Beginning		163,728 2,581,605
Total Pension Liability - Ending		2,745,333
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - Employer Contributions - Members Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions Administrative Expense	\$	22,680 29,559 15,942 (118,436) (88,769)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position Plan Net Position - Beginning		(139,024) 3,221,505
Plan Net Position - Ending		3,082,481
Employer's Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	(337,148)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		112.28%
Covered Payroll	\$	533,645
Employer's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		(63.18%)

Note:

12/31/2016	12/31/2017
60,047	63,618
203,596	216,673
32,613	(12,862)
-	(93,507)
(121,474)	(125,892)
174,782	48,030
2,745,333	2,920,115
2 0 20 1 1 5	2 068 145
2,920,115	2,968,145
16,007	19,465
25,365	27,034
213,592	584,171
(121,474)	(125,892)
18,983	(36,712)
152,473	468,066
3,082,481	3,234,954
3,234,954	3,703,020
(314,839)	(734,875)
110.78%	124.76%
563,656	600,766
(55.86%)	(122.32%)

Police Pension Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability April 30, 2018

		2015
Total Pension Liability		
Service Cost	\$	154,285
Interest	Ψ	143,727
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		(176,846)
Change of Assumptions		117,723
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions		(35,131)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		203,758
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		2,413,011
Total Tonsion Encounty Deginning		2,113,011
Total Pension Liability - Ending	_	2,616,769
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Contributions - Employer	\$	208,600
Contributions - Members		83,662
Contributions - Other		50
Net Investment Income		215
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions		(35,131)
Administrative Expense		(5,449)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		251,947
Plan Net Position - Beginning		600,880
Plan Net Position - Ending	—	852,827
Employer's Net Pension Liability	\$	1,763,942
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a		
Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		32.59%
Covered Payroll	\$	855,320
Employer's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		206.23%

Note:

2016	2017	2018
183,590	173,052	193,433
157,006	170,016	189,057
(303,520)	91,838	(761,677)
186,769	(94,941)	746,010
-	(14,029)	(31,202)
223,845	325,936	335,621
2,616,769	2,840,614	3,166,550
	· · ·	i
2,840,614	3,166,550	3,502,171
187,000	200,000	200,000
82,415	83,612	86,757
-	-	-
299	385	10,624
-	(14,029)	(31,202)
(7,555)	(5,882)	(6,352)
262,159	264,086	259,827
852,827	1,114,986	1,379,072
1,114,986	1,379,072	1,638,899
1,725,628	1,787,478	1,863,272
39.25%	43.55%	46.80%
07.2070	1010070	10.0070
802,621	856,700	884,543
	,	
215.00%	208.65%	210.65%

Police Pension Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Investment Returns April 30, 2018

	Annual Money- Weighted Rate of Return, Net
Fiscal	of Investment
Year	Expense
2015	0.03%
2016	0.03%
2017	0.03%
2018	0.03%

Note:

General Fund

	Budget			
	 Original	Final	Actual	
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 2,625,591	2,625,591	2,651,734	
Charges for Services	156,365	156,365	186,095	
Licenses and Permits	177,000	177,000	216,810	
Fines and Forfeits	68,000	68,000	104,358	
Investment Income	6,000	6,000	19,794	
Miscellaneous Income	247,941	247,941	279,197	
Total Revenues	 3,280,897	3,280,897	3,457,988	
Expenditures				
General Government	754,218	754,218	683,773	
Highways and Streets	676,434	676,434	633,614	
Police Protection	1,828,536	1,828,536	1,756,908	
Planning and Zoning	2,494	2,494	1,292	
Debt Service	,	,	,	
Principal Retirement	3,600	3,600	63,938	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	7,812	7,812	7,915	
Total Expenditures	 3,273,094	3,273,094	3,147,440	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	 7,803	7,803	310,548	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Debt Issuance	97,500	97,500	34,200	
Disposal of Capital Assets	3,000	3,000	-	
Transfers Out	(124,499)	(124,499)	(50,000)	
	 (23,999)	(23,999)	(15,800)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	 (16,196)	(16,196)	294,748	
Fund Balance - Beginning			1,460,668	
Fund Balance - Ending			1,755,416	

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Major Governmental Funds
- Combining Statements Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Enterprise Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule -- Internal Service Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Police Pension Pension Trust Fund
- Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund, a major fund, accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are created to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than fiduciary funds or capital project funds) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Motor Fuel Tax Fund

The Motor Fuel Tax Fund is used to account for the maintenance and construction of streets and roads as approved by the Illinois Department of Transportation.

Road and Bridge Fund

The Road and Bridge Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the maintenance of local roads. Revenue is provided through a tax levy.

Revolving Loan Fund

The Revolving Loan Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the business development loans made.

Special Service Areas Fund

The Special Service Areas Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures used in the maintenance of various special service areas in the Village.

Evidence Fund

The Evidence Fund is used to account for the resources provided by the seizure of assets through application of the local and state laws.

Tax Increment Financing Fund

The Tax Increment Financing Fund is used to account for expenditures of incremental property taxes and sales tax generated in the designated downtown Tax Increment Financing area.

Hotel/Motel Tax Fund

The Hotel/Motel Tax Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the collection of the hotel/motel tax within the Village.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Debt Service Fund are created to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

Capital Bonds Fund

The Capital Bonds Fund is used to account for the proceeds of the 2006 Alternate Revenue Source Bonds to construct various Village improvements.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are created to account for all resources used for the acquisition of capital facilities by a governmental unit except those financed by Proprietary Funds.

SSA #13 Improvements Fund

The SSA #13 Improvements Fund is used to account for the proceeds from the SSA 13 bond issue (reported as contributions from property owners), received by the Village and the capital improvements benefiting SSA 13.

Transportation Impact Fees Fund

The Transportation Impact Fees Fund is used to account for the proceeds of transportation impact fees charged by the Village and the improvements funded by the fees.

SSA # 14 Improvements Fund

The SSA #14 Improvements Fund is used to account for the proceeds from the SSA #14 bond issue (reported as contributions from property owners), received by the Village and the capital improvements benefiting SSA #14.

Public Use Fund

The Public Use Fund is used to account for the proceeds of public use impact fees charged by the Village and the improvements funded by the fees.

Capital Improvements Fund

The Capital Improvements Fund is used to account for transfers from other funds for various construction projects.

TIF Revenue Bonds of 2009A/Tuscany Woods Line of Credit Fund

The TIF Revenue Bonds of 2009A/Tuscany Woods Line of Credit Fund is used for servicing projects related to the TIF Revenue Bonds of 2009A and the Tuscany Woods line of credit.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS – Continued

Equipment Replacement Fund

The Equipment Replacement Fund is used to account for the purchase of replacement vehicles for the Village fleet. Revenue is provided through excess funds.

Early Warning Impact Fees Fund

The Early Warning Impact Fees Fund is used to account for proceeds of early warning impact fees charged by the Village and the improvements funded by the fees.

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purpose.

Water and Sewer Fund

The Water and Sewer Fund is used to account for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents and businesses of the Village financed by user fees.

Garbage Fund

The Garbage Fund is used to account for the provision of solid waste services to the residents and businesses of the Village financed by user fees.

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

TRUST AND AGENCY FUNDS

PENSION TRUST FUND

Police Pension Fund

The Police Pension Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for retirement annuity payments to employees on the police force at appropriate amounts and times in the future. Resources are contributed by employees at rates fixed by law and by the Village at amounts determined by an annual actuarial study.

AGENCY FUND

The Agency Fund is used to account for the collection and remittance of impact fees for the Park District, Library Districts, School District and Fire Protection District and the collection of taxes from special service areas 9, 14, and 16 through 19 and related remittance to the bondholders.

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2018

	Budg	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual	
Taxes	\$ 877,079	877,079	975 225	
Property Taxes Sales and Use Taxes	\$ 877,079 778,707	778,707	875,235 844,891	
State Income Taxes	533,770	533,770	504,463	
Replacement Taxes	18,560	18,560	19,669	
Utility Taxes	417,475	417,475	407,476	
	2,625,591	2,625,591	2,651,734	
Charges for Services	156,365	156,365	186,095	
Licenses and Permits	177,000	177,000	216,810	
Fines and Forfeits	68,000	68,000	104,358	
Investment Income	6,000	6,000	19,794	
Miscellaneous Income	247,941	247,941	279,197	
Total Revenues	3,280,897	3,280,897	3,457,988	

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2018

		Budget	
	Origina	ıl Final	Actual
General Government			
Personal Services	\$ 267,		
Contractual Services	406,9		
Commodities	14,.	300 14,300	14,408
Other Expenditures	49,0	000 49,000	58,652
Capital Outlay	16,8	800 16,800	4,847
	754,2	218 754,218	683,773
Highways and Streets			
Personal Services	313,7	734 313,734	326,101
Contractual Services	179,9	950 179,950	
Commodities	56,0	000 56,000	54,146
Other Expenditures		750 750	
Capital Outlay	126,0	000 126,000	55,686
	676,4		
Police Protection			
Personal Services	1,439,9	922 1,439,922	1,428,231
Contractual Services	198,		
Commodities	57,8		
Capital Outlay	132,4		
- 1	1,828,		
Planning and Zoning			
Personal Services	1 '	744 1,744	1,292
Contractual Services		750 750	
		494 2,494	
Debt Service			
Principal Retirement	2 /	600 3,600	63,938
Interest and Fiscal Charges		812 7,812	
interest and Fiscal Charges	11,4		
Total Expenditures	3,273,0	094 3,273,094	3,147,440
Total Experiances		<u>,213,094</u>	5,147,440

Transportation Impact Fees - Capital Projects Fund

	Budget			
	(Driginal	Final	Actual
Revenues Charges for Services	\$	65,440	65,440	170,144
Expenditures Highways and Streets		50,000	50,000	10,682
Net Change in Fund Balance		15,440	15,440	159,462
Fund Balance - Beginning				750,133
Fund Balance - Ending				909,595

SSA #14 Improvements - Capital Projects Fund

	Budget			
	Or	iginal	Final	Actual
Revenues				
Investment Income	\$	10	10	210
Miscellaneous	_	20	20	-
Total Revenues		30	30	210
Expenditures Highways and Streets		-		169,366
Net Change in Fund Balance		30	30	(169,156)
Fund Balance - Beginning				169,156
Fund Balance - Ending				

Public Use - Capital Projects Fund

	Bud		
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$ 11,500	11,500	10,788
Investment Income	225	225	582
Total Revenues	11,725	11,725	11,370
Expenditures			
General Government		-	94,277
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	11,725	11,725	(82,907)
Over (Onder) Experiantites	11,725	11,725	(02,907)
Other Financing (Uses)			
Transfers Out	(60,000)	(60,000)	(63,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(48,275)	(48,275)	(145,907)
Fund Balance - Beginning			549,608
Fund Balance - Ending			403,701

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Balance Sheet April 30, 2018

See Following Page

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Balance Sheet April 30, 2018

	Special Revenue					
			1	Special		
	Motor	Road and	Revolving	Service		
	Fuel Tax	Bridge	Loan	Areas	Evidence	
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$ 435,425	173,331	872,629	48,303	3,051	
Receivables - Net of Allowances						
Property Taxes	-	106,358	-	47,950	-	
Other Taxes	12,736	-	-	-	-	
Notes Receivable		-	157,807	-	-	
Total Assets	448,161	279,689	1,030,436	96,253	3,051	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	-	-	-	179	-	
Due to Other Funds		-	-	-	-	
Total Liabilities	-	-	-	179	-	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Property Taxes		106,358	-	47,950	-	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		106,358	-	48,129		
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted	448,161	173,331	1,030,436	48,124	3,051	
Unassigned Total Fund Balances	- 448,161	- 173,331	- 1,030,436	- 48,124	- 3,051	
	44 0,101	1/3,331	1,030,430	40,124	5,051	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources and Fund Balances	448,161	279,689	1,030,436	96,253	3,051	

				Capital Pro	jects		
Tax	Hotel/	Debt Service		TIF Revenue Bonds of 2009A/		Early	
Increment	Motel	Capital	Capital	Tuscany Woods	Equipment	Warning	
Financing	Tax	Bonds	Improvements	Line of Credit	Replacement	Impact Fees	Totals
-	76,489	262,605	37,759	79,613	147,531	4,696	2,141,432
33,580	-	-	-	-	-	-	187,888
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,736
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	157,807
33,580	76,489	262,605	37,759	79,613	147,531	4,696	2,499,863
649	-	_	_	-	_	_	828
286,170	-	-	-	-	-	-	286,170
286,819	-	-	-	-	-	-	286,998
33,580	_	_	_	_	-	_	187,888
55,500							107,000
320,399	-	-	-	-	-	-	474,886
-	76,489	262,605	37,759	79,613	147,531	4,696	2,311,796
(286,819)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(286,819
(286,819)	76,489	262,605	37,759	79,613	147,531	4,696	2,024,977
33,580	76,489	262,605	37,759	79,613	147,531	4,696	2,499,863

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2018

			Spe	cial Reven	ue
			<u>^</u>	Special	
	Motor	Road and	Revolving	Service	
	Fuel Tax	Bridge	Loan	Areas	Evidence
Revenues					
Taxes	\$-	103,257		42,349	
Charges for Services	φ -	103,237	-	42,349	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	153,030	-	-	-	186
Investment Income	4,837	80	7,709	-	30
Total Revenues	157,867	103,337	7,709	42,349	216
Expenditures					
General Government	-	_	1,325	-	2,328
Highways and Streets	61,195	153,067	-	43,131	-
Debt Service	01,195	155,007		15,151	
Principal Retirement	_	_	_	_	_
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	61,195	153,067	1,325	43,131	2,328
Total Expenditures	01,195	155,007	1,525	45,151	2,328
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	96,672	(49,730)	6,384	(782)	(2,112)
over (onder) Experiences	90,072	(1),(50)	0,501	(702)	(2,112)
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers In	-	-	_	_	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	96,672	(49,730)	6,384	(782)	(2,112)
	~		,		
Fund Balances - Beginning	351,489	223,061	1,024,052	48,906	5,163
Fund Balances - Ending	448,161	173,331	1,030,436	48,124	3,051

			Capital Projects				
		Debt		TIF Revenue			
Tax	Hotel/	Service		Bonds of 2009A/	1	Early	
Increment	Motel	Capital	Capital	Tuscany Woods	Equipment	Warning	
Financing	Tax	Bonds	Improvements	Line of Credit	Replacement	Impact Fees	Totals
29,526	17,006	-	-	-	-	-	192,138
-	-	-	-	-	-	460	460
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	153,216
11	1,002	-	23	-	44	-	13,736
29,537	18,008	-	23	-	44	460	359,550
2,050	10,003	-	-	-	-	-	15,706
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	257,393
20.000		122 200					1(2,100
30,800	-	132,300	-	-	-	-	163,100
40,942	-	15,660	-	-	-	-	56,602
73,792	10,003	147,960	-	-	-	-	492,801
(44,255)	8,005	(147,960)	23	-	44	460	(133,251)
63,000	-	-	-	-	50,000	-	113,000
18,745	8,005	(147,960)	23	-	50,044	460	(20,251)
(305,564)	68,484	410,565	37,736	79,613	97,487	4,236	2,045,228
(286,819)	76,489	262,605	37,759	79,613	147,531	4,696	2,024,977

Motor Fuel Tax - Special Revenue Fund

	Budg		
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues Intergovernmental Motor Fuel Tax Allotments	\$ 164,580	164,580	153,030
Investment Income Total Revenues	<u>850</u> 165,430	<u>850</u> 165,430	4,837
Expenditures Highways and Streets	209,700	209,700	61,195
Net Change in Fund Balance	(44,270)	(44,270)	96,672
Fund Balance - Beginning			351,489
Fund Balance - Ending			448,161

Road and Bridge - Special Revenue Fund

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues Taxes			
Property Taxes	\$ 102,149	102,149	103,257
Investment Income	5	5	80
Total Revenues	102,154	102,154	103,337
Expenditures			
Highways and Streets	-	-	153,067
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	102,154	102,154	(49,730)
Other Financing (Uses) Transfers Out	(130,700)	(130,700)	-
Net Change in Fund Balance	(28,546)	(28,546)	(49,730)
Fund Balance - Beginning			223,061
Fund Balance - Ending			173,331

Revolving Loan - Special Revenue Fund

	Budget			
	0	Priginal	Final	Actual
Revenues Investment Income	\$	7,492	7,492	7,709
Expenditures General Government		1,000	1,000	1,325
Net Change in Fund Balance		6,492	6,492	6,384
Fund Balance - Beginning				1,024,052
Fund Balance - Ending				1,030,436

Special Service Areas - Special Revenue Fund

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues Taxes	ф <u>41 550</u>	41.550	12 240
Property Taxes	\$ 41,552	41,552	42,349
Expenditures Highways and Streets	54,527	54,527	43,131
Net Change in Fund Balance	(12,975)	(12,975)	(782)
Fund Balance - Beginning			48,906
Fund Balance - Ending			48,124

Evidence - Special Revenue Fund

	Budget			
	С	Driginal	Final	Actual
Revenues Intergovernmental				
Evidence Money/DUI/Drug	\$	2,000	2,000	186
Investment Income		10	10	30
Total Revenues		2,010	2,010	216
Expenditures General Government		1,800	1,800	2,328
Net Change in Fund Balance		210	210	(2,112)
Fund Balance - Beginning				5,163
Fund Balance - Ending				3,051

Tax Increment Financing - Special Revenue Fund

	Duda		
	Budg Original	Final	Actual
Revenues			
Taxes			
Property Taxes	\$ 29,199	29,199	29,526
Investment Income		-	11
Total Revenues	29,199	29,199	29,537
Expenditures			
General Government			
Professional Services	20,500	20,500	2,050
Debt Service			
Principal Retirement	30,800	30,800	30,800
Interest and Fiscal Charges	39,556	39,556	40,942
Total Expenditures	90,856	90,856	73,792
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(61,657)	(61,657)	(44,255)
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers In	63,000	63,000	63,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,343	1,343	18,745
Fund Balance - Beginning			(305,564)
Fund Balance - Ending			(286,819)

Hotel/Motel Tax - Special Revenue Fund

	Budget			
	(Driginal	Final	Actual
Revenues Taxes				
Hotel/Motel Tax	\$	20,000	20,000	17,006
Investment Income		240	240	1,002
Total Revenues		20,240	20,240	18,008
Expenditures General Government		10,000	10,000	10,003
Net Change in Fund Balance		10,240	10,240	8,005
Fund Balance - Beginning				68,484
Fund Balance - Ending				76,489

Capital Bonds - Debt Service Fund

	Budg		
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues			
Investment Income	\$ -	-	-
Expenditures			
Debt Service			
Principal Retirement	345,586	345,586	132,300
Interest and Fiscal Charges	23,284	23,284	15,660
Total Expenditures	368,870	368,870	147,960
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(368,870)	(368,870)	(147,960)
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers In	375,700	375,700	-
Net Change in Fund Balance	6,830	6,830	(147,960)
Fund Balance - Beginning			410,565
Fund Balance - Ending			262,605

Equipment Replacement - Capital Projects Fund

	Budge	t	
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues Investment Income	\$ -	-	44
Expenditures Highways and Streets			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	-	44
Other Financing Sources Transfers In	50,000	50,000	50,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	50,000	50,000	50,044
Fund Balance - Beginning			97,487
Fund Balance - Ending			147,531

Early Warning Impact Fees - Capital Projects Fund

	Budget			
	Or	riginal	Final	Actual
Revenues Charges for Services	\$	385	385	460
Expenditures Highways and Streets		_	-	_
Net Change in Fund Balance		385	385	460
Fund Balance - Beginning				4,236
Fund Balance - Ending				4,696

Water and Sewer - Enterprise Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2018

	Budg	get	
	Original	Final	Actual
Operating Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$ 2,410,811	2,410,811	2,288,455
Operating Expenses			
Operations			
Water Department	1,183,894	1,183,894	602,562
Sewer Department	688,613	688,613	558,784
Water Reconstruction	1,539,668	1,539,668	15,078
System Improvements	145,350	145,350	46,410
Depreciation	-	-	1,414,312
Total Operating Expenses	3,557,525	3,557,525	2,637,146
Operating (Loss)	(1,146,714)	(1,146,714)	(348,691)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Tap On Fees	114,600	114,600	259,190
Investment Income	5	5	45
Grant	820	820	503
Other Income	-	-	9,206
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(80,573)	(80,573)	(66,651)
-	34,852	34,852	202,293
Change in Net Position	(1,111,862)	(1,111,862)	(146,398)
Net Position - Beginning			47,873,679
Net Position - Ending			47,727,281

Water and Sewer - Enterprise Fund

Schedule of Operating Expenses - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2018

	Bud	get	
	Original	Final	Actual
Operations			
Water Department			
Personal Services	\$ 118,003	118,003	117,893
Contractual Services	808,061	808,061	336,565
Commodities	97,310	97,310	99,589
Miscellaneous	160,520	160,520	48,515
	1,183,894	1,183,894	602,562
Sewer Department			
Personal Services	137,745	137,745	142,703
Contractual Services	413,198	413,198	317,701
Commodities	69,650	69,650	44,660
Miscellaneous	68,020	68,020	53,720
wiscentifeous	688,613	688,613	558,784
Water Reconstruction			
Contractual Services	1,539,668	1,539,668	15,078
Total Operations	3,412,175	3,412,175	1,176,424
System Improvements			
Water Department	61,600	61,600	46,410
Sewer Department	83,750	83,750	
Total System Improvements	145,350	145,350	46,410
Depreciation			
Water Department	-	-	486,149
Sewer Department		-	928,163
Total Depreciation		-	1,414,312
Total Operating Expenses	3,557,525	3,557,525	2,637,146

Garbage - Enterprise Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2018

	Budg		
	Original	Final	Actual
Operating Revenues Charges for Services	\$ 550,213	550,213	553,825
Operating Expenses Operations Sewer Department	537,800	537,800	547,488
Change in Net Position	12,413	12,413	6,337
Net Position - Beginning			19,369
Net Position - Ending			25,706

Police Pension - Pension Trust Fund

Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2018

	Budg	get	
	Original	Final	Actual
Additions			
Contributions - Employer	\$ 200,000	200,000	200,000
Contributions - Plan Members	87,500	87,500	86,757
Total Contributions	287,500	287,500	286,757
Investment Income			
Interest Earned	350	350	10,624
Net Change in Fair Value	-	-	-
c .	350	350	10,624
Less Investment Expenses	-	-	-
Net Investment Income	350	350	10,624
Total Additions	287,850	287,850	297,381
Deductions			
Administration	14,500	14,500	6,352
Benefits and Refunds	30,565	30,565	31,202
Total Deductions	45,065	45,065	37,554
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	242,785	242,785	259,827
Net Position Restricted for Pensions			
Beginning			1,379,072
Ending			1,638,899

Agency Fund

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2018

ASSETS	 Beginning Balances	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balances
Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash with Fiscal Agent Due from Other Funds	\$ 2,557,307 298,534 27,440	2,711,659 - -	2,557,307 298,534 27,440	2,711,659 - -
	 2,883,281	2,711,659	2,883,281	2,711,659
LIABILITIES				
Due to Park District and Village Parks	547,519	308,160	547,519	308,160
Due to School Districts	22,968	67,924	22,968	67,924
Due to Library Districts	94,772	120,514	94,772	120,514
Due to Fire Districts	70,840	187,907	70,840	187,907
Due to Others	9,202	16,328	9,202	16,328
Due to Other Funds	21,041	-	21,041	-
Due to Bondholders	 2,116,939	2,010,826	2,116,939	2,010,826
Total Liabilities	 2,883,281	2,711,659	2,883,281	2,711,659

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

Schedule of Tax Data - Last Ten Tax Levy Years April 30, 2018

	••••			
	 2008	2009	2010	2011
Assessed Valuation	\$ 195,010,364	196,154,394	180,785,131	168,805,218
Tax Rates by Fund				
General	0.1377	0.1404	0.1256	0.2627
Police Protection	0.0800	0.0802	0.0775	0.0727
Special Revenue Funds				
Audit	0.0073	0.0073	0.0725	0.0245
Liability	0.0398	0.0386	0.0339	0.0380
Illinois Municipal Retirement	0.0489	0.0511	0.0494	0.0208
Social Security	 0.0330	0.0351	0.0373	0.0129
Total Tax Rates	 0.3467	0.3527	0.3962	0.4316
Tax Extension by Fund				
General	\$ 267,398	274,232	226,601	442,682
Police Protection	155,276	156,705	139,797	122,485
Special Revenue Funds				
Audit	14,137	14,301	130,732	41,344
Liability	77,282	75,414	61,183	64,093
Illinois Municipal Retirement	94,932	99,899	89,073	34,976
Social Security	 63,979	68,559	67,283	21,783
	< 			
Total Tax Extensions	 673,004	689,110	714,669	727,363
Total Collections - All Funds				
Levy Collections through April 30	662,244	677,651	702,147	715,525
	 	~,~~*	· · · - · · · ·	
Percent Collected	 98.40%	98.34%	98.25%	98.37%

Note: The 2016 levy is not collected until fiscal year 2018.

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
2012	2013	2011	2013	2010	2017
154,913,352	142,583,995	138,815,939	146,693,736	170,980,247	186,537,007
0.2945	0.3462	0.3626	0.3454	0.2943	0.2803
0.0816	0.0920	0.1037	0.1571	0.1757	0.1750
0.0276	0.0172	0.0144	0.0120	0.0114	0.0127
$0.0276 \\ 0.0480$	0.0173 0.0541	0.0144 0.0588	0.0130 0.0326	0.0114	0.0127 0.0211
0.0480	0.0341	0.0388	0.0320	0.0280	0.0071
0.0137	0.0212	0.0203	0.0130	0.0014	0.0071
0.0137	0.0151	0.0203	0.0137	0.0120	0.0111
0.4842	0.5463	0.5883	0.5748	0.5234	0.5072
456,162	493,570	503,366	506,663	503,226	522,776
126,482	131,202	143,948	230,388	300,383	326,490
42,694	24,710	20,058	19,120	19,545	23,603
74,391	77,166	81,639	47,799	48,859	39,337
29,172	30,261	39,400	19,120	2,445	13,278
21,236	22,028	28,230	20,077	20,521	20,652
750,137	778,936	816,640	843,166	894,979	946,134
735,499	764,121	806,718	831,279	875,235	
98.05%	98.10%	98.78%	98.59%	97.79%	0.00%

Schedule of Water/Sewer Data April 30, 2018

Number of Water Users	2,711
Water Rate per 1,000 Gallons	\$ 4.84
Number of Sewer Users	2,730
Sewer Rate per 1,000 Gallons	\$ 6.04
Sewer User Billings Charge per Billing	\$ 1.00
Capital Improvements per Billing	\$ 20.00

Long-Term Debt Requirements

Panasonic Toughbook Installment Contract of 2015 April 30, 2018

Date of Issue Date of Maturity Authorized Issue Interest Rate Principal Maturity and Interest Dates Payable at August 14, 2015 August 14, 2018 \$30,000 3.25% Monthly German American State Bank

Fiscal				
Year	P	rincipal	Interest	Totals
2019	\$	3,489	24	3,513

Long-Term Debt Requirements

Dodge Charger Installment Contract of 2017 April 30, 2018

Date of Issue	July 25, 2016
Date of Maturity	July 25, 2019
Authorized Issue	\$50,000
Interest Rate	2.25%
Principal Maturity and Interest Dates	Monthly
Payable at	Resource Bank

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest	Totals	
2019 2020	\$	16,957 4,271	303 16	17,260 4,287	
		21,228	319	21,547	

Long-Term Debt Requirements

Snow Plow Installment Contract of 2017 April 30, 2018

Date of Issue Date of Maturity Authorized Issue Interest Rate Principal Maturity and Interest Dates Payable at March 6, 2017 July 6, 2020 \$100,000 2.75% Annually German American State Bank

	 rincipal	Interest	Totals
2019	\$ 25,000	2,089	27,089
2020	25,000	1,392	26,392
2021	25,000	696	25,696

Long-Term Debt Requirements

Installment Contract of 2017 April 30, 2018

Date of Issue	July 10, 2017
Date of Maturity	July 10, 2020
Authorized Issue	\$34,200
Interest Rate	0.00%
Principal Maturity and Interest Dates	Annually
Payable at	Resource Bank

Year	Principal		Interest	Totals
2019	\$	11,400	-	11,400
2020		11,400	-	11,400
2021		11,400	-	11,400
		34,200	-	34,20

Long-Term Debt Requirements

Taxable General Obligation Alternate Bonds of 2010 April 30, 2018

Date of Issue	December 16, 2010
Date of Maturity	December 15, 2020
Authorized Issue	\$568,582
Denomination of Bonds	\$5,000
Interest Rates	1.15% to 4.80%
Interest Dates	June 15 and December 15
Principal Maturity Date	December 15
Payable at	County of Kane, Illinois

Year	P	rincipal	Interest	Totals
2019	\$	60,776	8,712	69,488
2020		63,420	6,068	69,488
2021		66,305	3,183	69,488

Long-Term Debt Requirements

General Obligation (Alternate Revenue Source) Refunding Bonds of 2012 April 30, 2018

Date of Issue	December 20, 2012
Date of Maturity	December 15, 2023
Authorized Issue	\$2,555,000
Denomination of Bonds	\$5,000
Interest Rates	2.00% to 2.75%
Interest Dates	June 15 and December 15
Principal Maturity Date	December 15
Payable at	Bank of New York Mellon

Year	 Principal	Interest	Totals
2019	\$ 325,000	30,987	355,987
2020	330,000	24,488	354,488
2021	340,000	17,887	357,887
2022	130,000	10,408	140,408
2023	135,000	7,223	142,223
2024	 135,000	3,712	138,712
	1,395,000	94,705	1,489,705

Long-Term Debt Requirements

General Obligation (Alternate Revenue Source) Refunding Bonds of 2016 April 30, 2018

Date of Issue	April 7, 2016
Date of Maturity	December 15, 2028
Authorized Issue	\$1,175,000
Denomination of Bonds	\$5,000
Interest Rates	3.00% to 4.00%
Interest Dates	June 15 and December 15
Principal Maturity Date	December 15
Payable at	Bank of New York Mellon

Fiscal				
Year	I	Principal	Interest	Totals
2019	\$	35,000	44,275	79,275
2020		35,000	43,225	78,225
2021		40,000	42,100	82,100
2022		30,000	41,050	71,050
2023		30,000	40,150	70,150
2024		30,000	39,250	69,250
2025		185,000	35,100	220,100
2026		190,000	27,600	217,600
2027		190,000	20,000	210,000
2028		200,000	12,200	212,200
2029		205,000	4,100	209,100
		1,170,000	349,050	1,519,050

Long-Term Debt Requirements

IEPA Loan of 2002 April 30, 2018

Date of Issue	April 18, 2002
Date of Maturity	November 15, 2023
Authorized Issue	\$3,993,045
Interest Rate	2.675%
Interest Dates	May 15 and November 15
Principal Maturity Date	May 15 and November 15
Payable at	Illinois Environmental Protection Agency

Year]	Principal	Interest	Totals
2019	\$	222,392	36,708	259,100
2020		228,381	30,719	259,100
2021		234,530	24,570	259,100
2022		240,847	18,253	259,100
2023		247,333	11,767	259,100
2024		253,992	5,107	259,099
		1,427,475	127,124	1,554,599